CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA TABLE OF CONTENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS	1
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	17
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	18
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	20
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	21
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	22
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	23
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	24
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	26
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS	28
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – AGENCY FUND	30
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	31
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A	
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY	66
SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS	67
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND	68
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – PARKS AND RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND	69
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN	70

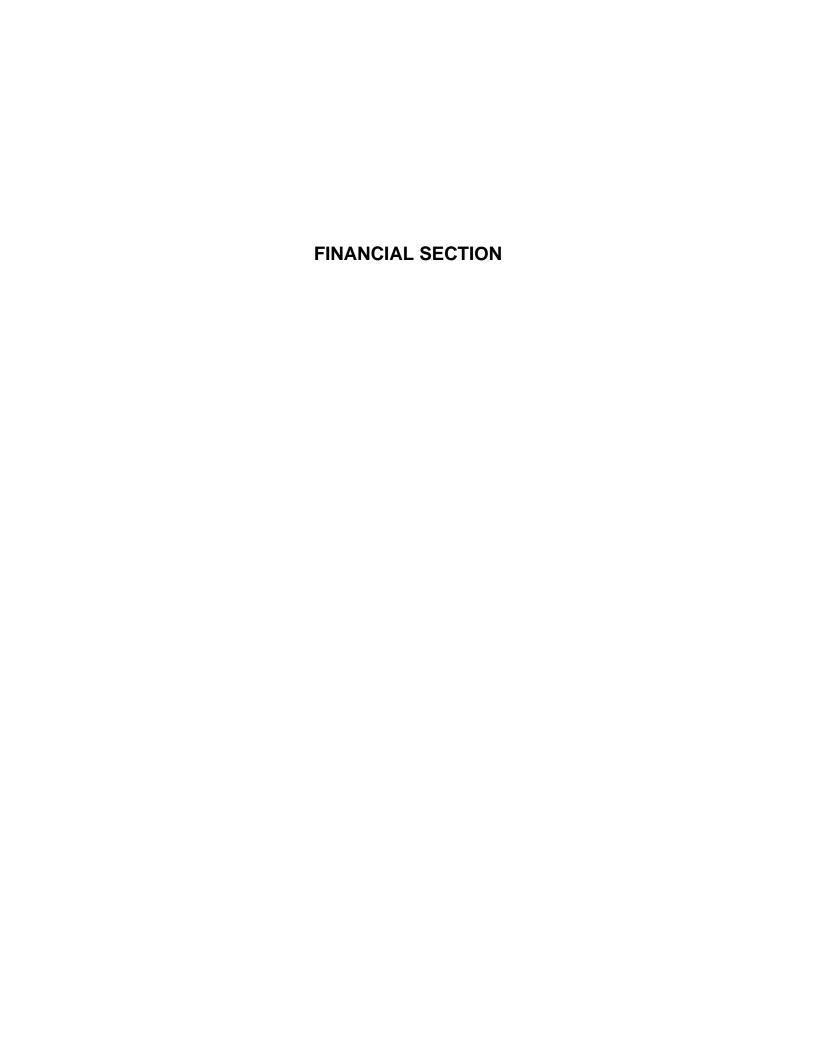
CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2017

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)	
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	71
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	72
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS	73
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS	74
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS	75
OTHER COMBINING SCHEDULES	
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – DEBT SERVICE FUND – BY BOND ISSUE	76
COMBINING STATEMENT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – DEBT SERVICE FUND – BY BOND ISSUE	78
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BY PROJECT	80
COMBINING STATEMENT REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BY PROJECT	81
OTHER REPORTS SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT	
AUDITING STANDARDS	82
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE	84
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	85



CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2017

ELECTED	NAME	TERM EXPIRES
Mayor	Gene Prim	12/31/2017
City Council	Larry Davis, Jr.	12/31/2017
City Council	Jason Rick	12/31/2017
City Council	Don Goedtke	12/31/2017
City Council	Betty Strom	12/31/2019
City Council	David Brown	12/31/2019
City Council	Brad Field	12/31/2019





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Barnesville Barnesville. Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Barnesville (City), Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Barnesville

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2017, the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

For the year ended December 31, 2017 the City restated beginning Business-Type Activities net position and net position in the Water, Sewer, Electric, Telephone, and Nonmajor Enterprise Funds to correct an error in the previously issued financial statements (see Note 9). Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension schedules, and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the debt service fund by bond issue financial statements, and the capital projects fund by project financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the debt service fund by bond issue financial statements, and the capital projects fund by project financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the debt service fund by bond issue financial statements, and the capital projects fund by project financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Barnesville

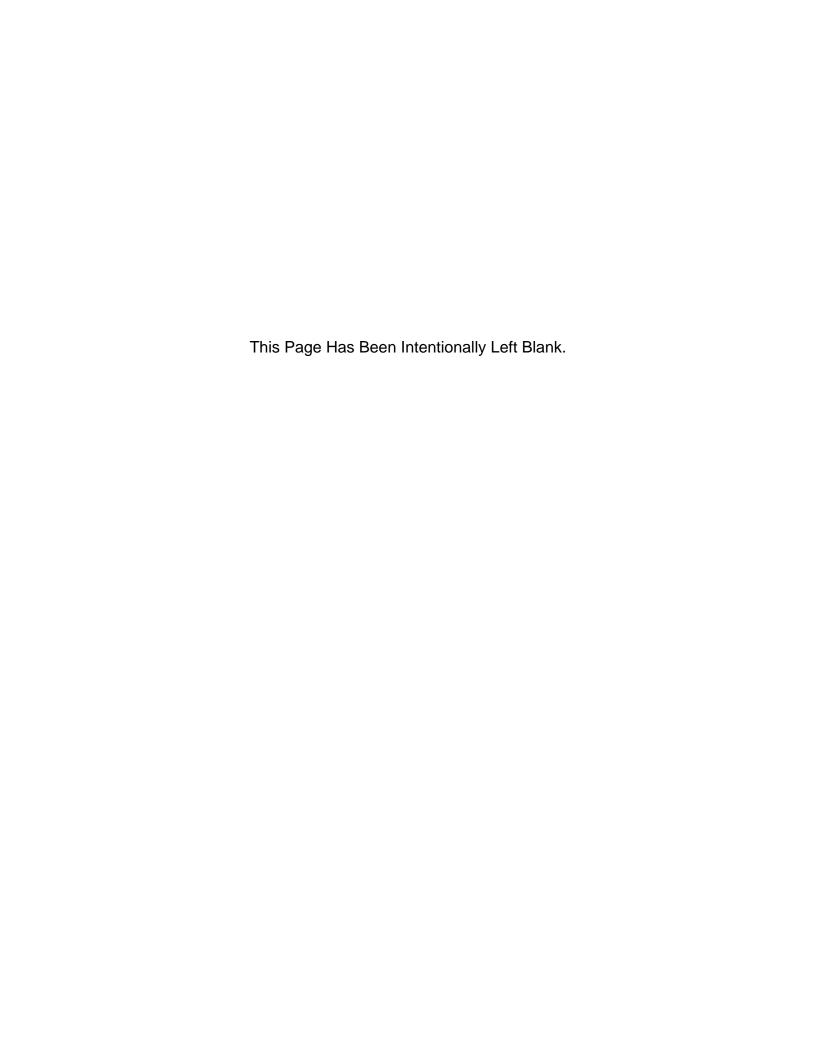
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 7, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Brainerd, Minnesota May 7, 2018



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This section of the City of Barnesville's (City) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2017. The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain comparative information between the current year (2017) and the prior year (2016) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2017 include the following:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$22,136,261 (net position). Of this amount, \$8,913,463 (unrestricted net position), may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- City-wide net position increased \$825,223 over the prior year.
- As of the close of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balance of \$2,861,313, an increase of \$132,401, or 4.9% in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 25.4% of this amount, or \$727,700, is restricted for debt service.
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$412,827, or 21.0% of General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – independent auditors' report, required supplementary information which includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), pension schedules and budgetary schedules, the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are City-wide financial statements which provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements which focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the City-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as general government, public safety, and public works were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.
 - The proprietary funds statements tell how the City's various business-type activities such as water, sewer, electric, telephone, municipal liquor, cable television, sanitation, storm sewer, ambulance, and broadband internet activities are operating as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Management's Basic Required Supplementary Financial Discussion Information Statements and Analysis Notes Government-Wide Fund Financial Financial to the Statements Statements Financial Statements Summary Detail

Figure A-1 Annual Report Format

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Type of Statements	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City's government (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary.	The activities of the City that operate similar to private businesses: water, sewer, telephone, municipal liquor as examples.	Instances in which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position.	Balance sheet.	Statement of net position.	Statement of fiduciary net position.
	Statement of activities.	Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.	Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position and statement of cash flows.	Statement of changes in fiduciary net position.
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.
Type of Asset and Deferred Outflow of Resources/ Liability and Deferred Inflow of Resources Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and longterm.	Only assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term.	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term.
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

City-Wide Statements

The City-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two City-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

 Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

City-Wide Statements (Continued)

To assess the overall health of the City, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of City buildings and other facilities.

In the City-wide financial statements the City's activities are shown in two categories:

- Governmental Activities The City's basic services are included here. Property taxes, special assessments and state aids finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type Activities The City's enterprise fund operations are included here.
 Charges for services finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's funds – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The City establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (e.g., federal grants).

The City has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds The City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the City-wide statements, we provide additional information after the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary Funds The City reports ten proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, electric, telephone, municipal liquor, cable television, ambulance, sanitation, storm sewer, and broadband internet services. Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.
- Fiduciary Funds The City is the fiscal agent, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the City-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The City's net position was \$22,136,261 on December 31, 2017 (see Table A-1).

Table A-1
The City's Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	s-Type Activities			Total			
		2017	2016 2016 2017 As Restated			2017			2016 As Restated		
Current and Other Assets	\$	5,895,874	\$ 5,862,472	\$	9,029,650	\$	8,460,999	\$	14,925,524	\$	14,323,471
Capital Assets		5,859,563	 6,479,456		13,923,869		13,569,235		19,783,432		20,048,691
Total Assets		11,755,437	12,341,928		22,953,519		22,030,234		34,708,956		34,372,162
Deferred Outflows of Resources		742,118	1,154,333		107,919		281,299		850,037		1,435,632
Current Liabilities		580,433	508,434		1,003,610		991,301		1,584,043		1,499,735
Long-Term Liabilities		3,655,337	4,786,502		7,222,203		7,885,977		10,877,540		12,672,479
Total Liabilities		4,235,770	5,294,936		8,225,813		8,877,278		12,461,583		14,172,214
Deferred Inflows of Resources		872,954	233,467		88,195		91,075		961,149		324,542
Net Position											
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,902,402	3,349,598		6,553,677		5,819,870		9,456,079		9,169,468
Restricted		3,483,394	3,551,303		283,325		283,325		3,766,719		3,834,628
Unrestricted		1,003,035	1,066,957		7,910,428		7,239,985		8,913,463		8,306,942
Total Net Position	\$	7,388,831	\$ 7,967,858	\$	14,747,430	\$	13,343,180	\$	22,136,261	\$	21,311,038

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net Position

The City-wide total revenues were \$9,402,766 for the year ended December 31, 2017. Property taxes and intergovernmental revenues accounted for 23.5% of total revenue for the year, while user charges accounted for 69.3% of total revenue (see Table A-2).

Table A-2 Change in Net Position

	Governmental				Business-Type						
	Acti	vities			Act	ivities		Total			
							2016				2016
	2017		2016		2017		s Restated		2017		s Restated
REVENUES											
Program Revenues		_		_		_		_		_	
Charges for Services	\$ 254,526	\$	238,676	\$	6,258,904	\$	5,735,012	\$	6,513,430	\$	5,973,688
Operating Grants and Contributions	477,290		240,280		52,664		54,238		529,954		294,518
Capital Grants and Contributions General Revenues	111,650		1,143,174		18,185		8,086		129,835		1,151,260
Property Taxes	700,057		667,910		45,000		45,000		745,057		712,910
Tax Increments	158,002				45,000		45,000		158,002		175,526
Unrestricted State Aid	803,046		175,526 774,138		-		-		803,046		774,138
Investment Earnings	27,534		31,439		13.198		36,123		40,732		67,562
Other	84,761		203,852		397,949		429,256		482,710		633,108
Total Revenues	2,616,866		3,474,995	_	6,785,900		6,307,715	_	9,402,766		9,782,710
EXPENSES	2,0.0,000		0, 11 1,000		0,1 00,000		0,001,110		0, 102,100		0,102,110
General Government	1,172,190		572,772						1,172,190		572,772
Public Safety	745,808		935,023		-		-		745,808		935,023
Public Salety Public Works	,		528,603		-		-		510,522		528,603
Culture and Recreation	510,522 509,618		431,197		-		-		510,522		431,197
Economic Development	290,434		310,854		-		-		290,434		310,854
Interest	79,918		109,519		-		-		79,918		109,519
Water	79,910		109,519		309,232		296,341		309,232		296,341
Sewer					396,132		346,948		396,132		346,948
Electric	_		_		1,823,303		1,793,550		1,823,303		1,793,550
Telephone	_		_		893.723		859,631		893,723		859,631
Municipal Liquor	_		_		434,716		419,745		434,716		419,745
Cable Television	_		_		441,486		882,585		441,486		882,585
Sanitation	_		_		221,188		222,356		221,188		222,356
Storm Sewer	-		-		23,659		21,902		23,659		21,902
Ambulance	-		-		670,306		529,827		670,306		529,827
Broadband Internet			<u>-</u>		55,308		57,766		55,308		57,766
Total Expenses	3,308,490		2,887,968		5,269,053		5,430,651		8,577,543		8,318,619
Transfers	112,597		765,611		(112,597)		(765,611)	_			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(579,027)		1,352,638		1,404,250		111,453		825,223		1,464,091
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Restated	7,967,858		6,615,220		13,343,180		13,231,727	_	21,311,038		19,846,947
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,388,831	\$	7,967,858	\$	14,747,430	\$	13,343,180	\$	22,136,261	\$	21,311,038

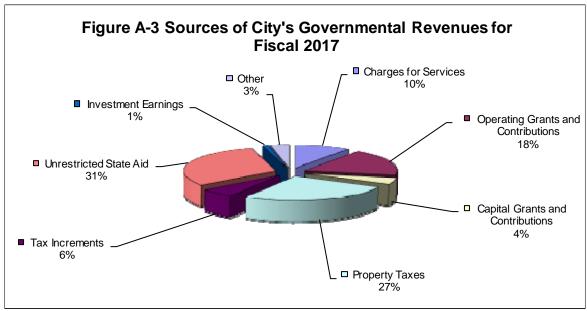
Total revenues surpassed expenses, increasing City-wide net position by \$825,223 as compared to an increase of \$1,464,091 in 2016. The increase in net position for 2017 is primarily due to the business-type activities revenues exceeding expenses. Governmental activities contributed assets totaling \$738,325 to business-type activities during 2017.

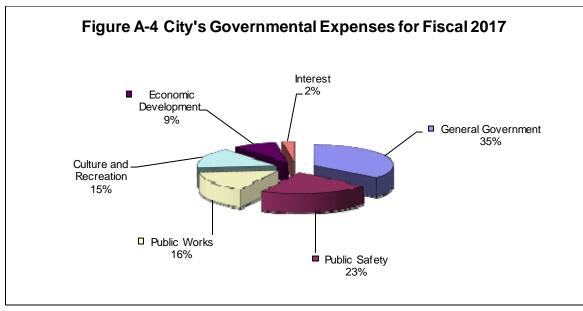
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

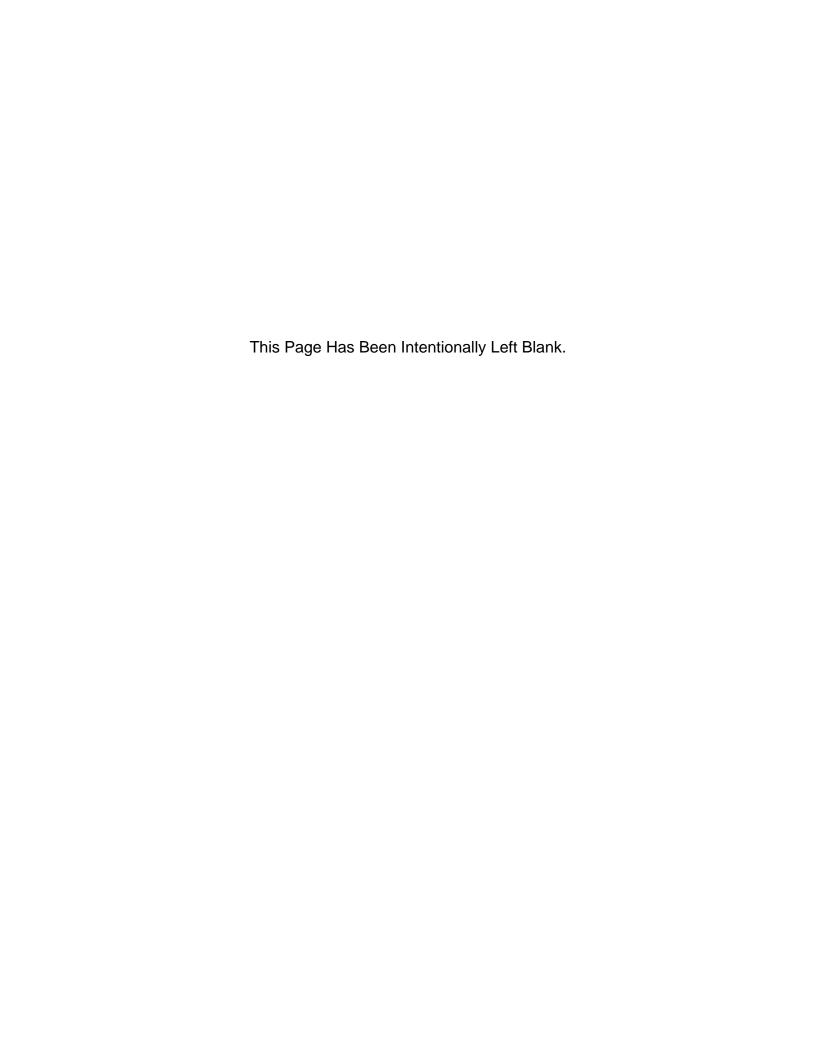
Changes in Net Position (Continued)

The City-wide cost of all governmental activities this year was \$3,308,490.

- Some of the cost was paid by the users of the City's programs (\$254,526).
- Federal and state government payments (\$477,290) subsidized certain programs.
- Ad valorem property taxes (\$700,057) and unrestricted state grants (\$803,046) also helped fund the net costs of governmental services.
- Transfers from the City's business-type operations also subsidize governmental operations (\$850,922).







FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Table A-3
Program Expenses and Net Cost of Services

					Ne	et Revenue (C	ost	of Services)
	Total Cost of Services					After Progra	<u>m R</u>	evenues
		2017	2016		2017			2016
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
General Government	\$	1,172,190	\$	572,772	\$	(724,456)	\$	(527,776)
Public Safety		745,808		935,023		(648,649)		(828,278)
Public Works		510,522		528,603		(422,947)		549,223
Culture and Recreation		509,618		431,197		(298,620)		(58,970)
Economic Development		290,434		310,854		(290,434)		(290,518)
Interest		79,918		109,519		(79,918)		(109,519)
Total	\$	3,308,490	\$	2,887,968	\$	(2,465,024)	\$	(1,265,838)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Water	\$	309,232	\$	296,341	\$	166,885	\$	138,862
Sewer		396,132		346,948		275,624		260,745
Electric		1,823,303		1,793,550		373,306		159,500
Telephone		893,723		859,631		108,508		148,846
Municipal Liquor		434,716		419,745		12,416		(12,314)
Cable Television		441,486		882,585		19,094		(402, 139)
Sanitation		221,188		222,356		35,526		9,239
Storm Sewer		23,659		21,902		12,392		14,350
Ambulance		670,306		529,827		(158,179)		(114,529)
Broadband Internet		55,308		57,766		215,128		164,125
Total	\$	5,269,053	\$	5,430,651	\$	1,060,700	\$	366,685

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AT THE FUND LEVEL

Governmental Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,861,313.

Revenues for the City's governmental funds were \$2,744,040, while total expenditures were \$3,462,561.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AT THE FUND LEVEL (CONTINUED)

General Fund

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the City in providing services to citizens and some capital outlay projects.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund Revenues:

Table A-4 General Fund Revenues

		Year	Change			
	De	cember 31,	De	cember 31,	- li	ncrease
General Fund	2017			2016	(D	ecrease)
Taxes	\$	269,109	\$	273,933	\$	(4,824)
Special Assessments		1,898		23,680		(21,782)
Licenses and Permits		20,880		35,605		(14,725)
Intergovernmental		887,794		858,959		28,835
Charges for Services		27,900		995		26,905
Fines and Forfeits		9,115		4,754		4,361
Interest		15,560		13,744		1,816
Miscellaneous and Other		54,042		57,117		(3,075)
Total General Fund Revenues	\$	1,286,298	\$	1,268,787	\$	17,511

Total General Fund revenue increased by \$17,511, or 1.4%, from the previous year. The primary reason for the increase is an increase in intergovernmental revenue and charges for services, offset by a decrease in special assessments and license and permit revenue. Local government aid (LGA), certified by the Department of Revenue based on LGA statutes, increased by approximately \$26,000 over prior year. Charges for services increased as the City performed seal coating and ditch cleaning services for local governments on a reimbursement basis.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund Expenditures:

Table A-5
General Fund Expenditures

		Year I	Change			
	De	cember 31,	De	cember 31,	- II	ncrease
		2017 2016			(D	ecrease)
General Government	\$	690,136	\$	678,050	\$	12,086
Public Safety		647,636		623,625		24,011
Public Works		277,298		263,356		13,942
Economic Development		150,541		163,003		(12,462)
Capital Outlay		189,376		1,892		187,484
Debt Service		11,885		11,884		1
Total Expenditures	\$	1,966,872	\$	1,741,810	\$	225,062
Total Expenditures	\$	1,966,872	\$	1,741,810	\$	225,062

The General Fund's expenditures increased \$225,062 from 2016. The increase is due largely to capital outlays for sealcoating and equipment purchases.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AT THE FUND LEVEL (CONTINUED)

General Fund (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City did not revise the annual operating budget. Historically, the City has not made budget amendments during the year.

- Actual revenues were \$114,403 more than budget. This is primarily due to an increase in taxes from the levy, the recognition of the state fire pass through funds, and more building permits issued than budgeted.
- The actual expenditures were \$14,923 under budget. This is primarily due to public works expenditures coming in under budget by \$28,332 due to less projects done on streets than budgeted for. Public Safety expenditures were over budget by \$39,041 primarily due to the recognition of the state fire pass through funds.

Parks and Recreation Fund

The Parks and Recreation Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$50,517. Revenues and expenditures exceeded budget during 2017 by \$60,445 and \$9,928, respectively. The overages were a result of donations that were not budgeted for.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$30,525. The decrease is due to the completion of the Del Acres Gilbertson Second Addition.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund's fund balance increased \$17,858 as a result of special assessment revenues collected in excess of debt payments.

Other Governmental Funds

The Other Governmental Fund's fund balance increased \$20,603 as a result of tax increment collections in excess of expenditures.

Business-Type Funds

Water and Sewer Funds

The Water and Sewer Funds reported net income (before transfers to other funds) of \$174,219 and \$281,509, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2017, as compared to \$142,754 and \$267,424, respectively for 2016. The completion of the Del Acres Gilbertson second addition resulted in capital contributions of \$258,713 to both the Water and Sewer Funds.

Liquor and Cable Television Funds

The operations of the Municipal Liquor and Cable Television Funds reported net income(loss) (before transfers to other funds) of \$13,796 and 23,298, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2017, as compared to (\$8,582) and (\$399,197), respectively, for 2016. The significant increase in Cable Television Fund is attributable to a loss on the sale of capital assets recognized in 2016.

Electric Fund

The Electric Fund reported net income (before transfers to other funds) of \$388,271 for the year ended December 31, 2017 compared to \$202,450 in 2016.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AT THE FUND LEVEL (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Funds (Continued)

Telephone Fund

The Telephone Fund reported sales of \$999,432 compared to \$1,004,813 in 2016. Income of \$315,928 (compared to \$350,737 in the prior year) was reflected in the Telephone Fund's fiber optic Joint Venture, resulting in a net income (before transfers to other funds) of \$439,965 as compared to \$543,365 in the prior year.

Ambulance Fund

The Ambulance Fund reported net income (loss) (before transfers to other funds) of (\$68,732) for the year ended December 31, 2017, as compared to (\$27,831) for 2016. The decrease was a result of operating expenses exceeding charges for services.

CAPITAL ASSETS

By the end of 2017, the City had invested \$19,783,432 (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, computers, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure (see Table A-6).

Table A-6
The City's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total		
	2017		2016	2017		2016		2017		2016
Land	\$ 563,716	\$	563,716	\$ 113,908	\$	113,908	\$	677,624	\$	677,624
Construction-in-Progress	536,198		1,838,030	17,432		-		553,630		1,838,030
Buildings	1,621,994		1,616,409	1,357,861		1,330,997		2,979,855		2,947,406
Infrastructure	5,696,886		4,849,251	12,569,929		11,816,883		18,266,815		16,666,134
Improvements	1,144,543		1,104,759	5,088,890		979,170		6,233,433		2,083,929
Machinery and Equipment	834,078		820,736	2,563,468		6,538,623		3,397,546		7,359,359
Vehicles	399,244		444,789	515,802		466,942		915,046		911,731
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (4,937,096)		(4,758,234)	 (8,303,421)		(7,677,288)	((13,240,517)		(12,435,522)
Total	\$ 5,859,563	\$	6,479,456	\$ 13,923,869	\$	13,569,235	\$	19,783,432	\$	20,048,691

Major capital asset acquisitions during the year included:

Governmental Activities:

- Sealcoating project totaling \$105,645
- Del Acres Gilbertson second addition project totaling \$127,263

Business-type Activities:

- Additions related to Del Acres Gilbertson second addition totaling \$711,461
- Ambulance garage roof totaling \$26,864

Total depreciation expense for the year was \$930,933 (including enterprise funds). More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3.A.3 to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

At year-end, the City had \$10,334,729 in long-term liabilities outstanding.

The City's governmental activities and business-type activities net long-term debt decreased -\$585,748 due primarily to schedule principal payments offset by the issuance of 2017A General Obligation Equipment Certificates in the amount of \$675,000.

Table A-7
The City's Long-Term Liabilities

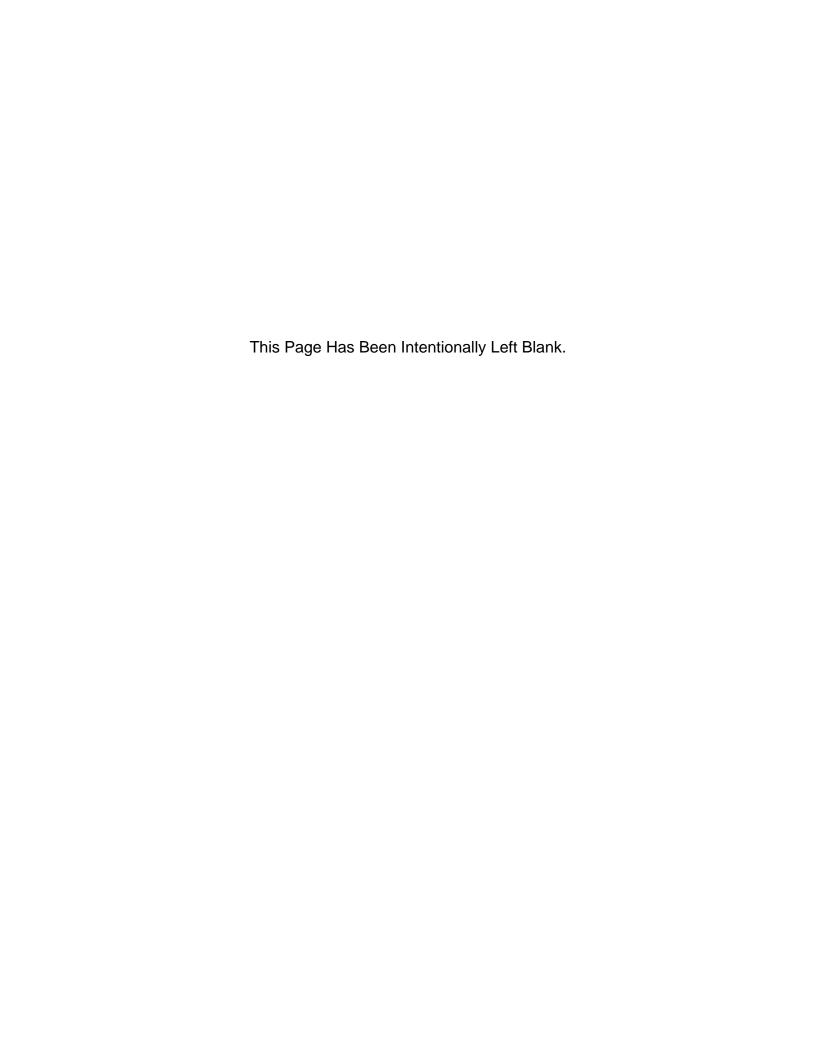
	2017	2016
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General Obligation Bonds Capital Leases Payable Less: Bond Discounts	\$ 2,950,000 18,352 (3,815)	\$ 3,145,000 26,998 (4,239)
Total Governmental Activities	2,964,537	3,167,759
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Revenue Bonds General Obligation Revenue Notes General Obligation Bonds Equipment Certificates Less: Bond Discounts	3,405,000 1,989,000 1,395,000 608,000 (26,808)	4,050,000 2,221,000 1,516,000 - (34,282)
Total Business-Type Activities	7,370,192	7,752,718
Total City-Wide Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 10,334,729	\$ 10,920,477

FACTORS BEARING ON THE CITY'S FUTURE

The City is dependent on the State of Minnesota for a significant portion of its revenue. The City depends heavily in the general fund on operational transfers, in lieu of a higher tax levy, from the City's business-type activities which are based on profitability of the business-type funds.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Administration and Finance Department, City of Barnesville, 102 Front Street, Barnesville, Minnesota, 56514.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Primary Government				_		
		overnmental Activities	Business-Ty Activities		Total	•	Component Unit	
ASSETS		Activities	Activities		Total		Onit	
Cash and Investments	\$	3,097,627	\$ 4,401,	185	\$ 7,498,812	\$	142,176	
Taxes Receivable								
Current Special Assessments Receivable		34,779		-	34,779		-	
Delinquent		10,196	2,0	082	12,278		-	
Noncurrent		2,782,095	350,	772	3,132,867		-	
Accounts Receivable - Net		24,590	666,6	523	691,213		-	
Accrued Interest Receivable Notes Receivable		5,536 25,601		-	5,536 25,601		-	
Internal Balances		(90,261)	90,2	- 261	25,601		-	
Inventories		1,200	53,4		54,653		-	
Prepaid Services		-	93,3	334	93,334		-	
Land Held for Resale				-	-		1,841,839	
Advances to Component Unit Advances to Primary Government		4,511	300,8	325	305,336		4.054	
Restricted Cash		-	283,3	325	- 283,325		4,854	
Investment in Joint Venture		_	2,787,		2,787,790		_	
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated			_, ,		_,, , ,			
Land		563,716	113,9		677,624		-	
Construction-in-Progress		536,198	17,4	132	553,630		-	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings		764,719	639,7	722	1,404,451		8,657	
Infrastructure		2,697,921	7,974,0		10,672,565		0,037	
Improvements		918,624	4,079,6		4,998,279		-	
Machinery and Equipment		318,907	888,		1,207,070		-	
Vehicles		59,478	210,3	335	269,813		-	
Total Assets		11,755,437	22,953,	519	34,708,956		1,997,526	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related		742,118	102,2		844,361		18,022	
Amount on Refunding Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		742,118	5,6 107,9	919	5,676 850,037		18,022	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable		10,637	239,4	105	250,042		5,886	
Contracts Payable		158,440		-	158,440		-	
Salaries and Benefits Payable		20,946	16,4		37,420		2,024	
Deposits Payable		- 04 047		349	1,349		-	
Accrued Interest Payable Due to Other Governments		31,047	36,3 22,7		67,393 22,740		66	
Due to Primary Government		_	22,	-	22,740		70,053	
Advances from Primary Government		-		-	-		305,336	
Advances from Component Unit		4,854		-	4,854		-	
Unearned Utility Payments		-	66,0		66,035		-	
Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year Capital Leases Payable - Due Within One Year		250,000 9,937	583,0	000	833,000 9,937		1,914	
Compensated Absences Payable - Due Within One Year		94,572	38,2	- 261	132,833		9,037	
Special Assessments Payable - Due in More Than One Year			00,		-		1,368,439	
Bonds Payable - Due in More Than One Year		2,696,185	6,787,	192	9,483,377		1,256	
Capital Leases Payable - Due in More Than One Year		8,415		-	8,415		-	
Compensated Absences Payable - Due in More Than One Year Net Pension Liability		31,524 919,213	12,1 422,2		44,278 1,341,470		3,012 74,427	
Total Liabilities		4,235,770	8,225,8		12,461,583		1,841,450	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related		865,562	88,	195	953,757		15,545	
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,392 872,954	88,	195	7,392 961,149		15,545	
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,902,402	6,553,6	677	9,456,079		8,657	
Restricted for		. ,	-,,-		,,		-,	
Debt Service		3,351,467	283,3	325	3,634,792		-	
Public Safety		3,008		-	3,008		-	
Economic Development		128,919	7.010	128	128,919		140.906	
Unrestricted	Φ.	1,003,035	7,910,4		8,913,463		149,896	
Total Net Position	\$	7,388,831	\$ 14,747,4	+30	\$ 22,136,261		158,553	

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Program Revenues							
				Operating ees, Charges, Grants and ees, and Other Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Functions/Programs Primary Government Governmental Activities								
General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Economic Development Interest	\$	1,172,190 745,808 510,522 509,618 290,434 79,918	\$	31,018 - 26,877 196,631 -	\$	416,716 46,207 - 14,367 -	\$	50,952 60,698 - -
Total Governmental Activities		3,308,490		254,526		477,290		111,650
Business-Type Activities								
Water		309,232		467,273		2,280		6,564
Sewer		396,132		660,135		-		11,621
Electric		1,823,303		2,196,609		-		-
Telephone		893,723		999,432		2,799		-
Municipal Liquor		434,716		447,132		-		-
Cable Television		441,486		460,580		-		-
Sanitation Storm Sewer		221,188		217,687		39,027		-
Ambulance		23,659 670,306		36,051 503,569		- 8,558		-
Broadband Internet		55,308		270,436		-		<u>-</u>
Total Business-Type Activities		5,269,053		6,258,904		52,664		18,185
Total Primary Government	\$	8,577,543	\$	6,513,430	\$	529,954	\$	129,835
Component Unit								
EDA	\$	221,806	\$	43,414	\$		\$	-

General Revenues

Property Taxes

Tax Increments

Grants and Contributions not Restricted for a Particular Purpose

Interest Income

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Net Position - Beginning of Year

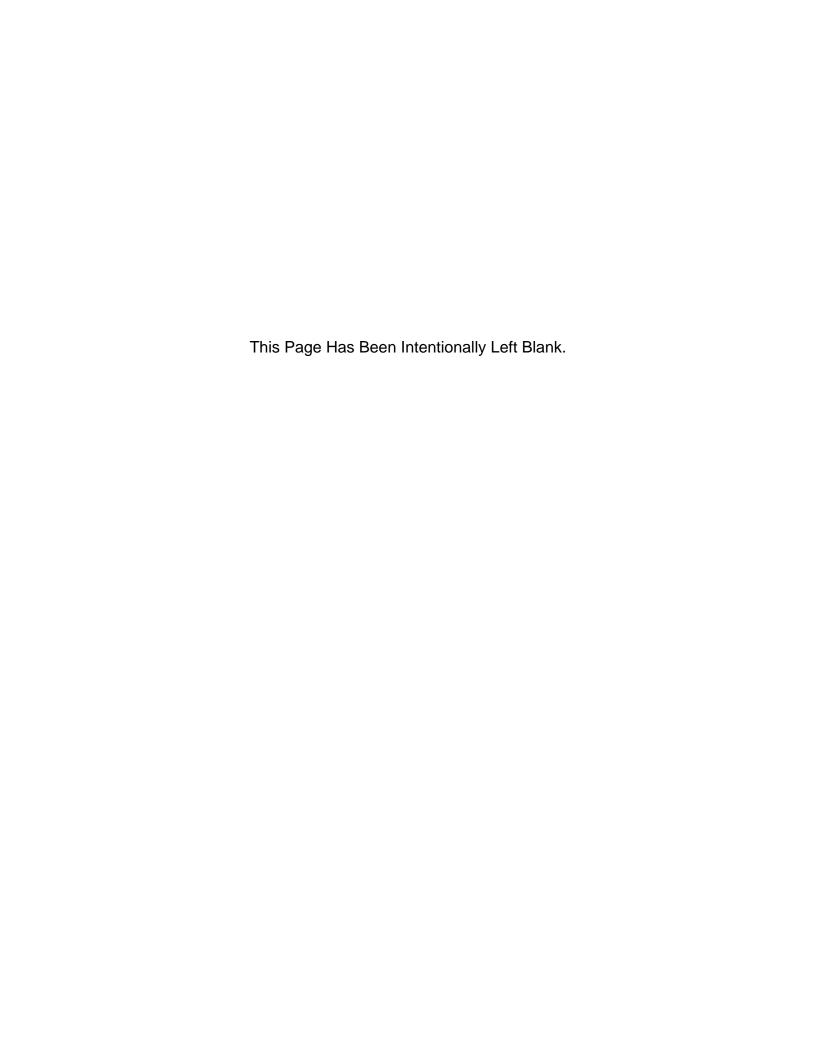
Restatement

Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Changes in Net Position										
Go	overnmental	Βι	ısiness-Type			Co	omponent			
Activities			Activities		Total		Unit			
\$	(724,456)	\$	-	\$	(724,456)	\$	-			
	(648,649)		-		(648,649)		-			
	(422,947)		-		(422,947)		-			
	(298,620)		-		(298,620)		-			
	(290,434)		-		(290,434)		-			
	(79,918)				(79,918)		-			
	(2,465,024)		-		(2,465,024)		-			
	-		166,885		166,885		-			
	-		275,624		275,624		-			
	-		373,306		373,306		-			
	-		108,508		108,508		-			
	-		12,416		12,416		-			
	-		19,094		19,094		-			
-			35,526		35,526		-			
-			12,392 (158,179)		12,392 (158,179)		-			
-			215,128		215,128		_			
	(2.465.024)		1,060,700		1,060,700		-			
	(2,465,024)		1,060,700		(1,404,324)		-			
	-		-		-		(178,392)			
	700,057		45,000		745,057		_			
	158,002		-		158,002		-			
	803,046		-		803,046		147,941			
	27,534		13,198		40,732		222			
	84,761		397,949		482,710		23,373			
	112,597		(112,597)		-		-			
	1,885,997		343,550	-	2,229,547		171,536			
	(579,027)		1,404,250		825,223		(6,856)			
	7,967,858		13,573,540		21,541,398		165,409			
			(230,360)		(230,360)		-			
	7,967,858		13,343,180		21,311,038		165,409			
\$	7,388,831	\$	14,747,430	\$	22,136,261	\$	158,553			



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

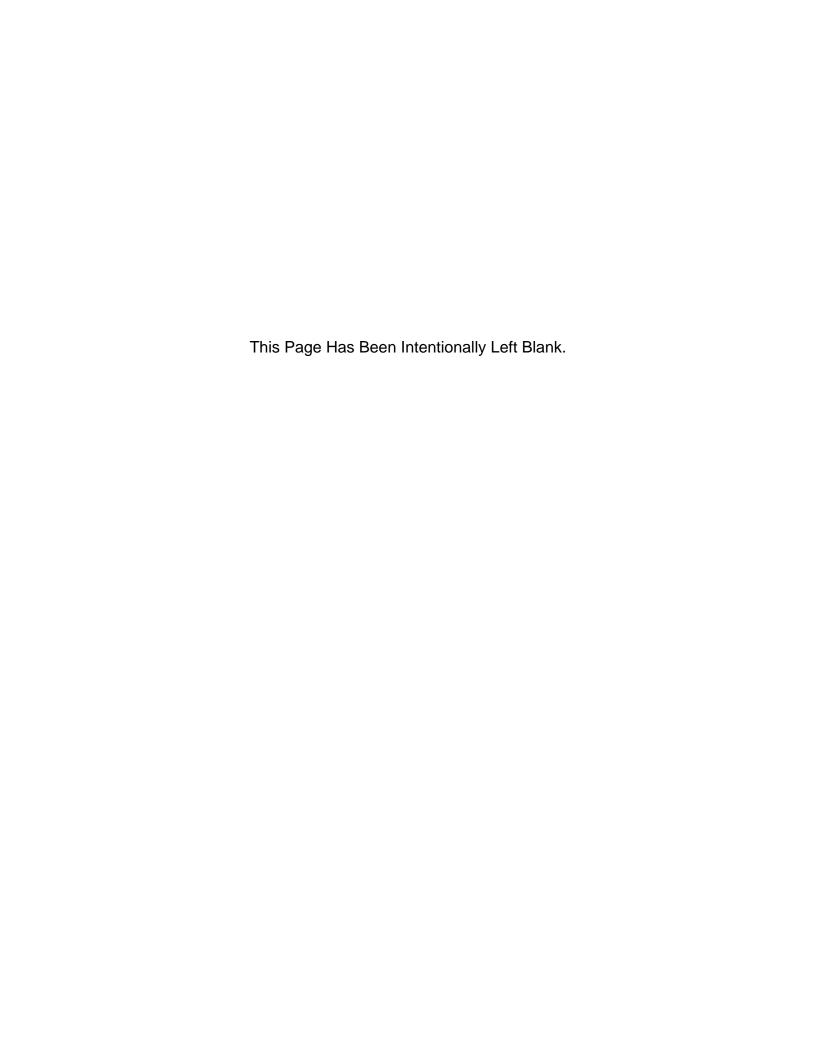
	General Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable	\$ 1,625,020	\$ 477,823	\$ 724,891	\$ 165,816	\$ 104,077	\$ 3,097,627
Current Special Assessments Receivable	31,713	-	3,039	-	27	34,779
Delinquent Noncurrent	7,729 38,231	- -	2,467 2,652,117	- 91,747	-	10,196 2,782,095
Accounts Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable	18,369 5,536	3,644 -	-	-	2,577 -	24,590 5,536
Notes Receivable Inventory	-	1,200	-	-	25,601 -	25,601 1,200
Advance to Component Unit Due from Other Funds	4,511 160,050			- -		4,511 160,050
Total Assets	\$ 1,891,159	\$ 482,667	\$ 3,382,514	\$ 257,563	\$ 132,282	\$ 6,146,185
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$ 9,777	\$ 505	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 355	\$ 10,637
Contracts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds	19,858	1,088	-	158,440 - 110,311	-	158,440 20,946 110,311
Advance from Other Funds Advance from Component Unit	140,000 4,854	-	-	-	-	140,000 4,854
Total Liabilities	174,489	1,593	-	268,751	355	445,188
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	7,392	-	-	-	-	7,392
Unavailable Taxes Unavailable Special Assessments	14,170 45,960	-	1,831 2,652,983	- 91,747	-	16,001 2,790,690
Unavailable Loans Receivable			-	·	25,601	25,601
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Fund Balances (Deficit)	67,522	-	2,654,814	91,747	25,601	2,839,684
Nonspendable Inventory Nonspendable Advances	- 4,511	1,200	-	-	-	1,200 4,511
Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Economic Development	-	-	-	7,376	- 46,762	7,376 46,762
Restricted for Debt Repayment Restricted for Small Cities Grant	-	-	727,700	-	56,556	727,700 56,556
Restricted for Dare Program Committed for Capital Outlay	- 190,000	- 36,545	-	-	3,008	3,008 226,545
Committed for Community Projects	1,039,413	-	-	-	-	1,039,413
Committed for Park Operations Assigned for Joint Powers Unassigned	2,397 412,827	443,329 -	-	- - (110,311)	-	443,329 2,397 303,516
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	1,649,148	481,074	727,700	(102,935)	106,326	302,516 2,861,313
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$ 1,891,159	\$ 482,667	\$ 3,382,514	\$ 257,563	\$ 132,282	\$ 6,146,185

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2017**

FUND BALANCES TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 2,861,313
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		5,859,563
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are recorded as a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds.		2,832,292
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are recorded only on the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:	\$ (919,213)	
Net Pension Liability	ψ (319,213)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related	(865,562)	(4.040.055)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related	742,118	(1,042,657)
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Bonds Payable, Net of Unamortized Bond Discounts	(2,946,185)	
Capital Lease Obligations	(18,352)	
Accrued Compensated Absences	(126,096)	(2.121.690)
Accrued Interest Payable on General Obligation Bonds	(31,047)	(3,121,680)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 7,388,831

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General Fund	Parks and Recreation Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 269,109	\$ 357,168	\$ 74,340	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 700,617
Tax Increments	-	-	-	-	158,002	158,002
Special Assessments	1,898	-	215,929	-	-	217,827
Licenses and Permits	20,880	965	-	-	-	21,845
Intergovernmental	887,794	-	-	-	396,436	1,284,230
Charges for Services	27,900	195,666	-	-	-	223,566
Fines and Forfeits	9,115	-	-	-	-	9,115
Gifts and Contributions	-	14,367	-	-	2,000	16,367
Interest Income	15,560	952	2,417	338	194	19,461
Miscellaneous	54,042	28,895	2,000	·	8,073	93,010
Total Revenues	1,286,298	598,013	294,686	338	564,705	2,744,040
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	690,136	-	-	-	401,359	1,091,495
Public Safety	647,636	-	-	-	2,898	650,534
Public Works	277,298	-	-	-	-	277,298
Parks and Recreation	-	405,767	-	-	-	405,767
Economic Development	150,541	-	-	-	139,845	290,386
Capital Outlay						
General Government	5,585	-	-	-	-	5,585
Public Safety	67,123	-	-	-	-	67,123
Public Works	116,668	-	-	127,263	-	243,931
Parks and Recreation	-	141,729	-	-	-	141,729
Debt Service						
Principal	8,646	-	195,000	-	-	203,646
Interest and Other Charges	3,239		81,828			85,067
Total Expenditures	1,966,872	547,496	276,828	127,263	544,102	3,462,561
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(680,574)	50,517	17,858	(126,925)	20,603	(718,521)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	754,522			96,400		850,922
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	754,522			96,400		850,922
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	73,948	50,517	17,858	(30,525)	20,603	132,401
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	1,575,200	430,557	709,842	(72,410)	85,723	2,728,912
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,649,148	\$ 481,074	\$ 727,700	\$ (102,935)	\$ 106,326	\$ 2,861,313



CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

132,401

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital Outlay 423,829 Transfer to Enterprise Funds (738, 325)**Current Year Depreciation** (304,800)Net Book Value of Asset Disposals (597)(619,893)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. (127,174)Pension expenditures on the governmental funds are measured by current year employee contributions. Pension expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in net pension liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources. (172,450)

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Obligation Bonds Capital Lease	195,000 8,646	203,646
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		

Change in Accrued Interest Payable	5,698	
Amortization of Discounts	(424)	
Change in Compensated Absences	(831)	4,443

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (579.027)

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Water	Sewer	Electric
ASSETS			
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable - Net Special Assessments Receivable	\$ 740,784 54,468	\$ 985,119 76,104	\$ 974,124 314,673
Delinquent Noncurrent Inventories	1,106 180,356	976 170,416	- -
Prepaid Services (Net) Total Current Assets	 11,667 988,381	29,167 1,261,782	35,000 1,323,797
Noncurrent Assets Investment in Joint Venture	-	-	-
Restricted Cash Advance to Component Unit	- 129,320	- 104,625	-
Advances to Other Funds Capital Assets	-	140,000	-
Land Construction in Progress	-	100,831 -	-
Buildings (Net) Infrastructure (Net)	346,237 1,985,752	2,263 4,827,099	60,157 209,927
Improvements (Net) Machinery and Equipment (Net) Vehicles (Net)	114,807 -	59,842 82,290	164,820 -
Total Capital Assets Total Noncurrent Assets	2,446,796 2,576,116	5,072,325 5,316,950	434,904 434,904
Total Assets	 3,564,497	6,578,732	1,758,701
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related	2,155	2,154	10,658
Amount on Refunding Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 2,155	2,154	10,658
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable	-	-	167,316
Salaries and Benefits Payable Deposits Payable	397 -	205	1,446 1,349
Accrued Interest Payable Due to Other Governments	5,819 270	13,804 -	- 12,563
Due to Other Funds Unearned Utility Payments	-	-	5,095
Compensated Absences - Due Within One Year Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year	672 81,000	 672 280,000	 4,170
Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	88,158	294,681	191,939
Compensated Absences Payable - Due in More than One Year	224	224	1,390
Bonds Payable - Due in More than One Year Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities	833,771 8,899 842,894	2,185,000 8,899	44,019
Total Noticulient Elabilities Total Liabilities	 931,052	 2,194,123 2,488,804	 45,409 237,348
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related	1,859	1,859	9,194
NET POSITION	1,009	1,009	J, 1 J 4
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Debt Service	1,532,025	2,607,325	434,904 -
Unrestricted	 1,101,716	 1,482,898	 1,087,913
Total Net Position	\$ 2,633,741	\$ 4,090,223	\$ 1,522,817

	Гelephone	Municipa Liquor		Cable Television	Ambulanc	e	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		Total
\$	723,634 44,024		065 404	\$ 116,941 40,743	\$ 51,7	- \$ 65	831,518 76,442	\$	4,401,185 666,623
	-		-	-		-	-		2,082
	-		-	-		-	-		350,772
	17,500	53,	453	-		-	-		53,453 93,334
	785,158	90,	922	157,684	51,7	65	907,960		5,567,449
	2,787,790		-	-		-	-		2,787,790
	212,494		-	-		-	70,831		283,325
	-		-	-		-	66,880		300,825 140,000
	-		-	-		-	13,077		113,908
	17,432 1,252	41	- 586	- 65,930	28,7	- 18	93,589		17,432 639,732
	-	71,	-	325,033	20,7	-	626,833		7,974,644
	4,079,655		-	-		-			4,079,655
	215,333 49,189		-	268,327 2,392	51,7 76,4		13,317		888,163 210,335
	4,362,861	41,	586	661,682	156,8		746,816		13,923,869
	7,363,145		586	661,682	156,8		884,527		17,435,809
	8,148,303	132,	508	819,366	208,6	64	1,792,487		23,003,258
	36,440	10,	763	3,070	27,9	20	9,083		102,243
-	36,440	10,	763	5,676 8,746	27,9	20	9,083	_	5,676 107,919
	29,136	3,	792	21,603	2,2	96	15,262		239,405
	5,364		257	2,299	4,2		1,265		16,474
	40.000		-	- 0.405		-	-		1,349
	10,288 555	4.	- 913	6,435 2,695		-	1,744		36,346 22,740
	-	.,	-	_,000	49,7	39	-		49,739
	26,813		-	18,860		-	15,267		66,035
	19,339 155,000	2,	051	3,152 67,000	5,2	98	2,907		38,261 583,000
	246,495	12,	013	122,044	61,5	74	36,445		1,053,349
	6,446		684	1,051	1,7	66	969		12,754
	3,227,421		-	541,000		-	-		6,787,192
	150,494 3,384,361		453 137	12,677 554,728	115,3 117,0		37,511 38,480		422,257 7,222,203
	3,630,856	57,	150	676,772	178,6	45	74,925		8,275,552
	31,433	9,	284	2,648	24,0	83	7,835		88,195
	980,440	41,	586	53,682	156,8	99	746,816		6,553,677
	212,494 3,329,520	25	- 251	05.040	(123,0	- 43)	70,831		283,325
•				95,010			901,163	_	7,910,428
\$	4,522,454	\$ 76,	837	\$ 148,692	\$ 33,8	56 \$	1,718,810	\$	14,747,430

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Water	Sewer	Electric
OPERATING REVENUES Sales Cost of Sales	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
Gross Profit	-	-	-
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services	467,273	660,135	2,196,609
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Professional Services	134,603 11,497	140,599	134,572
Wages, Salaries, and Compensation Repairs and Maintenance	42,755	11,855 21,722	54,859 32,502
Insurance	4,142	7,260	3,696
Utilities	-	-	4,284
Depreciation	86,545	151,687	31,338
Amortization Materials and Supplies	836	2,083	2,500 49,707
Miscellaneous Expenses	10,770	21,886	71,452
Purchased Power	-	-	1,438,393
License Fees	1,594	-	-
Medicare/Medicaid Fee Reductions			
Total Operating Expenses	292,742	357,092	1,823,303
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	174,531	303,043	373,306
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Taxes	4 000	2 200	2.002
Interest Income Joint Venture Income	1,983	3,206	3,062
Special Assessments	6,564	11,621	- -
Intergovernmental Grants	2,280	-	-
Miscellaneous - Nonoperating	5,351	2,679	11,903
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(16,490)	(39,040)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(312)	(21,534)	14,965
Income (Loss) before Transfers and Contributions	174,219	281,509	388,271
Capital Contributions	258,713	258,713	-
Transfers In Transfers Out	(50,000)	(55,000)	(253,849)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	382,932	485,222	134,422
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Originally Stated	2,273,871	3,640,386	1,502,274
Restatement	(23,062)	(35,385)	(113,879)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Restated	2,250,809	3,605,001	1,388,395
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,633,741	\$ 4,090,223	\$ 1,522,817

Telephone		Municipal Liquor	Cable Television		Ambulance		Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		Total
\$ - 	\$	447,132 (352,064)	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	447,132 (352,064)
-		95,068		-		-	-		95,068
999,432		-		460,580	503,56	9	524,174		5,811,772
78,294		-		19,137	17,16		176,042		700,407
161,443		58,286		12,972	212,57		38,505		561,988
21,587		1,270		4,283	15,08		2,154		141,357
4,241		8,008		5,691	3,13		1,683		37,856
113		-		-	48		<u>-</u>		4,883
263,148		988		39,965	26,57	4	25,888		626,133
1,250		-		-	00.54	-	-		6,669
46,888		1,209		14,795	28,51		823		141,933
189,754		12,891		9,472	111,37	1	55,060		482,656
-		-		-		-	-		1,438,393
-		-		315,978	OEE 44	-	-		317,572
					255,41	4		_	255,414
766,718		82,652		422,293	670,30	6_	300,155		4,715,261
232,714		12,416		38,287	(166,73	7)	224,019		1,191,579
-		-		-	45,00	0	-		45,000
3,108		38		53	27	3	1,475		13,198
315,928		-		-		-	-		315,928
-		-		-		-	-		18,185
2,799		-		-	8,55		39,027		52,664
12,421		1,342		4,151	44,17	4	-		82,021
(127,005)	<u> </u>			(19,193)		_			(201,728)
207,251		1,380		(14,989)	98,00	5_	40,502		325,268
439,965		13,796		23,298	(68,73	2)	264,521		1,516,847
-		-		-	26,86	4	194,035		738,325
70,097		-		-		-	-		70,097
(350,950)	<u> </u>					_	(211,220)		(921,019)
159,112		13,796		23,298	(41,86	8)	247,336		1,404,250
4,395,605		63,041		125,394	75,72	4	1,497,245		13,573,540
(32,263))	<u>-</u>				_	(25,771)		(230,360)
4,363,342		63,041		125,394	75,72	4	1,471,474		13,343,180
\$ 4,522,454		76,837	\$	148,692	\$ 33,85	6	\$ 1,718,810	\$	14,747,430

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Water	 Sewer	Electric		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$	470,670 (207,225) (13,363)	\$ 673,543 (223,342) (13,364)	\$	2,141,615 (1,773,498) (65,005)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		250,082	436,837		303,112	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers Out Transfers In		(50,000)	(55,000)		(253,849)	
Advance from (to) Component Unit Interfund Borrowings Taxes		7,840 -	(66,725) 20,000		-	
Other Miscellaneous Receipts Intergovernmental Grants		5,351 2,280	 2,679 -		11,903 -	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities and Related Financing Activities		(34,529)	(99,046)		(241,946)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Principal Paid on Debt Interest Paid on Debt Bond Proceeds		(81,000) (16,383)	(272,000) (40,560)		-	
Special Assessments Acquisition of Capital Assets		17,401 (29,029)	 15,443 (78,434)		(8,740)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(109,011)	(375,551)		(8,740)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Joint Venture		-	-		-	
Interest and Dividends Received		1,983	 3,206		3,062	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		1,983	 3,206		3,062	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		108,525	(34,554)		55,488	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		632,259	 1,019,673		918,636	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	740,784	\$ 985,119	\$	974,124	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	174,531	\$ 303,043	\$	373,306	
Depreciation Expense (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows		86,545	151,687		31,338	
Accounts Receivable Inventory		3,397	13,408		(22,789)	
Prepaid Services, Net Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		(11,667) 3,992	(29,167) 3,786		(35,000) 20,282	
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Governments Due to Other Funds		(877) (299) 19	(625) (299)		(8,087) (1,683) 6,695	
Compensated Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Unearned Utility Payments		456 (5,884) (131)	456 (5,387) (65)		2,472 (30,394) (823) (32,205)	
Total Adjustments		75,551	 133,794		(70,194)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	250,082	\$ 436,837	\$	303,112	
NONCASH CAPITAL ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Contributed from Governmental Activities	\$	258,713	\$ 258,713	\$		

	Telephone	1	Municipal Liquor	Cable Television	A	Ambulance		Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	 Total
\$	1,073,476 (346,613) (222,595)	\$	446,484 (364,710) (63,164)	\$ 478,155 (444,084) (16,716)	\$	541,584 (443,503) (196,086)	\$	531,716 (234,511) (53,002)	\$ 6,357,243 (4,037,486) (643,295)
	504,268		18,610	17,355		(98,005)		244,203	1,676,462
	(350,950) 70,097		-	-		-		(211,220)	(921,019) 70,097
	#NAME?		-	-		- - 45,000		4,060	(54,825) #NAME? 45,000
	12,421 2,799		1,342 -	4,151 -		44,174 8,558		39,027	82,021 52,664
	#NAME?		1,342	4,151		97,732		(168,133)	#NAME?
	(155,000)		-	(557,000)		-		-	(1,065,000)
	(125,838)		-	(22,618) 675,000		-		-	(205,399) 675,000
	-		-	-		-		-	32,844
	(126,239)			 				-	 (242,442)
	(407,077)		-	95,382		-		-	(804,997)
	131,824 3,108		- 38	- 53		- 273		- 1,476	131,824 13,199
_	134,932		38	 53		273		1,476	 145,023
	#NAME?		19,990	116,941				77,546	 #NAME?
	969,638		9,075	-		_		824,803	4,374,084
_	#NAME?	\$	29,065	\$ 116,941	\$	-	\$	902,349	#NAME?
\$	232,714	\$	12,416	\$ 38,287	\$	(166,737)	\$	224,019	\$ 1,191,579
	263,148		988	39,965		26,574		25,888	626,133
	47,231 -		(648) 7,092	50,574 -		38,015 -		(7,725)	121,463 7,092
	(17,500) 83,290		16,097	7,673		23,939		19,997	(93,334) 179,056
	14,503 (5,617) (1,489)		2,253 (2,257) 1,387	290 1,404 86 (75,104)		1,730 (5,348) - (14,072)		914 (1,270) 337	10,101 (15,369) 7,035 (89,176)
	5,974		840	1,172		-		786	12,156
	(137,467) (7,332)		(20,146) 588	(13,163) (830)		(9,420) 7,293		(32,430) (1,580)	(254,291) (2,880)
	26,813		-	 (32,999)		21		15,267	(23,103)
	271,554		6,194	(20,932)		68,732		20,184	 484,883
\$	504,268	\$	18,610	\$ 17,355	\$	(98,005)	\$	244,203	\$ 1,676,462
\$		\$		\$ 	\$	26,864	\$	194,035	\$ 738,325

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

ASSETS

Cash and Pooled Investments	\$ 169,555
LIABILITIES	
Due to Fire Department	\$ 169,555

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Barnesville (City) was incorporated as a home-rule city, under the provisions of the State of Minnesota. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government with a full-time City Chief Operating Officer and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, streets, sanitation, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services. The City also operates utilities, telephone, golf course, municipal liquor store, cable television, and ambulance services.

The financial statements of the City of Barnesville have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

E. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the City (Primary Government) and the component unit (legally separate organization) for which the Primary Government is financially accountable. There is financial accountability if the Primary Government appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and has the ability to impose its will on that governing body; or there is the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or to impose specific financial burdens on the Primary Government.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

While part of the reporting entity, a discretely presented component unit is presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The Economic Development Authority of Barnesville (EDA) meets the criteria to be included as a discrete presentation. The EDA was created under the provision of Minnesota Statutes §458C. The EDA is governed by seven commissioners appointed among the residents and business owners of the City. Two of the commissioners must be members of the City Council. The EDA's primary operations include those activities necessary to encourage the promotion and development of the City, which is reported in its General Fund. The EDA has a Debt Service Fund, which has been established for the retirement of its lease revenue bonds. The EDA did not issue separate audited financial statements.

Jointly Governed Organization

The City entered into a formal joint powers agreement with eight townships located in the area during 1999. The agreement set up the Barnesville Area Joint Fire Board, which is composed of two members from the City Council of the City and one member appointed by each of the eight township boards. The Fire Chief serves on the board as a nonvoting, advisory member. The cost of running the Barnesville Area Joint Fire Department is allocated to each participating government proportionally based on population and the market valuation of buildings within each jurisdiction. The Barnesville Area Joint Fire Department did not issue separate audited financial statements. Copies of the Barnesville Area Joint Fire Department financial information may be obtained from the City's general accounting office at Barnesville City Hall.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information about the Primary Government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to users of the services for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the City's governmental activities and different business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

G. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. The City considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current -fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current-fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current-fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Parks and Recreations Special Revenue Fund</u> – The Parks and Recreations Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's parks and golf course. The revenues of this fund are committed by the City Council to only be used within the parks system.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal, interest and related costs of governmental funds.

<u>Capital Project Fund</u> – The Capital Project Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> – The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the City's water utility.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the City's sanitary sewer system.

<u>Electric Utility Fund</u> – The Electric Utility Fund accounts for the operations of the City's electric utility.

<u>Telephone Fund</u> – The Telephone Fund accounts for the operations of the City's telephone utility.

<u>Municipal Liquor Fund</u> – The Municipal Liquor Fund accounts for the operations of the City's liquor store.

<u>Cable Television Fund</u> – The Cable Television Fund accounts for the operations of the City's cable television utility.

<u>Ambulance Fund</u> – The Ambulance Fund accounts for the operations of the City's ambulance service.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

<u>Fire Department Agency Fund</u> – The Fire Department Fund accounts for the fire department activity held by the City in a strictly custodial capacity.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the various functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales of goods and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

 H. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Investments (Including Cash Equivalents)

Cash balances are invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by Minnesota Statutes. Investment earnings are recorded in the individual fund carrying the investment. Investments are stated at fair value.

Cash equivalents are considered to be short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash and have original maturities of three months or less.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows of the proprietary fund types, the City considers all cash and investments under the classification current assets and restricted assets to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of checking and saving certificate accounts, cash on hand, and money market savings accounts.

Restricted cash in the enterprise funds relates to cash restricted for repayment of debt.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

 D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

2. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

3. Accounts Receivable

All accounts receivable are shown net of allowance for uncollectible accounts when applicable. Write-offs are done on a case-by-case basis.

4. Special Assessments

Special assessments are levied against the benefited properties for the assessable costs of improvement projects in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. Assessments are collectible over a term of years at an interest rate established by the City Council upon adoption of each assessment roll. Any annual installments remaining unpaid as of November 30th of each year are certified to the County for collection with property taxes during the following year. Special assessments receivable represents the past six years of uncollected special assessments. Property owners are allowed to prepay future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

In the governmental fund financial statements, special assessment levies are recorded as a receivable and as a deferred inflow of resources at the time of the levy. Deferred inflows of resources are recognized as current revenue as the annual assessment installments become measurable and available. Interest on special assessments is also recognized when it becomes measurable and available.

5. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

6. Prepaid Services, Net

Prepayments to vendors for services that will benefit future periods are recorded as prepaid services. Prepaid services are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption

7. Land Held for Resale

Land held of resale by the EDA is for redevelopment purposes and for subsequent resale. Land held for resale is reported as an asset at the lower of cost or estimated fair value. Fair value estimates have been based on estimated realizable sales proceeds net of selling expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

 D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) is reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the Primary Government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25-75
Infrastructure	15-75
Machinery, Furniture, and Equipment	3-15

9. Deferred Outflows of Resources

The City reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its statements of net position. The deferred outflow of resources reported in the financial statements consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

 D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

10. Compensated Absences

City and component unit employees are granted annual leave and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated annual leave, compensatory time and 15% of any accrued sick leave.

Sick leave payments are reported as expenditures for governmental fund types when the payments are made to employees. Appropriations lapse at year-end and accordingly, there are no available expendable financial resources. However, the estimated commitment for sick leave (compensated absences) for governmental activities is reported in the statement of net position.

In the City's proprietary funds, amounts for earned but unused vacation leave and that portion of earned but unused sick leave estimated to be payable upon retirement are reflected under the accrual basis of accounting.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

13. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The City's governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in fund balance that applies to a future period. The City will not recognize the related revenue until a future event occurs. The deferred inflow of resources occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the City's year) under the modified accrual basis accounting. Deferred inflows related to pensions are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net position. This deferred inflow results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.

14. Fund Balance and Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report components of fund balance to provide information about fund balance availability for appropriation. Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are inherently nonspendable or assets that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts available for appropriation but intended for a specific use and is legally restricted by outside parties. Committed fund balance represents constraints on spending that the government imposes upon itself by highlevel formal action prior to the close of the fiscal period. Assigned fund balance represents resources intended for spending for a purpose set by the government body itself or by some person or body delegated to exercise such authority in accordance with policy established by the board. The city council is the delegated authority to assign fund balance at year end. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the City's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. When restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available for use, it is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balance. When committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance is available for use, it is the City's policy to use committed, assigned, and finally unassigned fund balance.

In the financial statements, proprietary funds and government wide statement of net position is presented in three components. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitation imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is presented as unrestricted.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expense

1. Revenues

In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recognized to the extent they are collected and received in the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Portions paid by the state in the form of market value credit aid, and other state tax credits are included in intergovernmental revenues. Delinquent property taxes receivable which have not been recognized as revenue are equally offset in the fund financial statements by deferred inflows of resources.

Licenses and permits, charges for services, fines, forfeits, contributions and donations, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when measurable and available.

Special assessments principal and interest earnings are recorded as revenues in the same manner as property taxes.

Property Tax Collection Calendar

The City levies its property taxes for the subsequent year during the month of December. In Minnesota, the lien date and assessment date is January 2. The property tax is recorded as revenue when it becomes available. Clay County is the collecting agency for the levy and then remits the collection to the City. All taxes not collected as of December 31 are shown as delinquent taxes receivable.

The County Auditor prepares the tax list for all taxable property in the City, applying the applicable tax capacity rate to the tax capacity value of individual properties, to arrive at the actual tax for each property. The County Auditor also collects all special assessments, except for certain payments paid directly to the City.

The County Auditor provides a list of taxes and special assessments to be collected on each parcel of property to the County Treasurer in January of each year.

Property owners are required to pay one-half of their real estate taxes by May 15 and the balances by October 15.

Within 30 days after the May settlement, the County Treasurer is required to pay 70% of the estimated collections of taxes and special assessments to the City Treasurer. The County Treasurer must pay the balance to the City Treasurer within 60 days after the settlement, provided that after 45 days interest begins to accrue.

Within ten business days after November 15, the County Treasurer shall pay to each taxing district, except any school district, 100% of the estimated collections arising from taxes levied by and belonging to each taxing district from May 20 to November 20.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses (Continued)

1. Revenues (Continued)

Any adjustments or abatements to either the current or any prior year levy are adjusted through the current year general property tax revenues. Property taxes not collected by the County and remitted to the City within 60 days of year-end are classified as delinquent and not considered measurable and available and are fully offset by unavailable revenue in the governmental fund financial statements. Delinquent taxes receivable represent the past six years of uncollected tax years. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

2. Expenditures

Expenditure recognition for governmental fund types includes only amounts represented by current liabilities. Since noncurrent liabilities do not affect net current assets, they are not recognized as governmental fund expenditures or liabilities. They are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position.

3. Expenses

Proprietary funds recognize expenses, including compensated absences, when they are incurred.

4. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Deficit Fund Balances

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$102,935 as of December 31, 2017. The City plans to eliminate this deficit through future special assessment revenues and/or transfers.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts in the following funds:

	Ex	penditures	Budget	Excess		
Park and Recreation Fund	\$	547,496	\$ 537,568	\$	9,928	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled by the City Administrator for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities.

Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the City maintains deposits at financial institutions authorized by the City Council. All such depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System. Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledge must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or corporate surety bonds.

Authorized collateral includes: U.S. government treasury bills, notes, and or bonds; issued of the U.S. government agency; general obligations of local government rated "A" or better; revenue obligations of a state or local government rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issue by a Federal Home Loan Bank; and time deposits insured by a federal agency. Minnesota Statutes require securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or at an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial *institution* not owned or controlled by the depository.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – In the case of deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk and follows Minnesota Statutes for deposits.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the balance was fully insured and collateralized as required by Minnesota Statutes §118A.03.

Investments

Minnesota Statutes §§118A.04 and 118A.05 generally authorize the following types of investments as available to the City:

- a) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minnesota Statutes §118A.04 subd. 6;
- b) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- c) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- d) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- e) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and with certain restrictions, repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

As of December 31, 2017, the City had the following investments in its pool:

Туре	Maturity Date	Credit Rating	Fair Value	Percent of Total
Money Market Account	N/A	NR	\$ 1,029,380	39.0 %
Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund (4M)	N/A	NR	45,618	1.7
Ehlers Money Market Funds	N/A	NR	12,054	0.5
Federal Natl Mtg Assn	12/20/2018	NR	251,269	9.5
Capital One Nat'l Assn CD - Mclean	6/14/2021	NR	99,920	3.8
Capital One Nat'l Assn CD	10/22/2018	NR	100,047	3.8
American Express Centrin	4/13/2020	NR	245,004	9.3
Capital One Nat'l Assn CD	12/20/2019	NR	15,027	0.6
Mercantile Commercebank NA CD	2/10/2020	NR	99,518	3.8
Morgan Stanley Bank CD	12/23/2019	NR	247,437	9.4
Customers Bank CD	6/29/2018	NR	247,896	9.4
Capital One BK USA Natl Assn CD	8/5/2019	NR	244,793	9.2
NR = Not Rated			\$ 2,637,963	:

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Trust Fund (4M) does not have its own credit rating. MBIA, Inc., who administers the Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund Trust holds an organization credit rating of AA by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – Minnesota Statutes restrict the types of investments in which the City may invest. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration Credit Risk – The City places no limits on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure by the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy regarding custodial credit risks for investments.

The City's total cash and investments are reported as follows:

Deposits	\$ 5,455,905
Investments	 2,637,963
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 8,093,868
Governmental Funds	
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,097,627
Enterprise Funds	
Cash and Investments	4,401,185
Restricted Cash and Investments	283,325
Component Unit	142,176
Fiduciary Funds	169,555
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 8,093,868

Fair Value Measurements

The City uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The City follows an accounting standard that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with this standard, the City has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the statement of net position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1 Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities. The inputs include those traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, as well as U.S. Treasury and other U.S. government and agency mortgage-backed securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.
- Level 3 Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which
 are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the City's own assumptions
 about the assumptions market participants and would use in pricing the asset.

Investments are measured as follows:

		Fair Value Measurement Using												
	12/31/2017	Level 1 Level 2		12/31/2017 Level 1 Level 2		Level 2		Level 2		Level 2		l 1 Level 2		el 3
Investments by Fair Value Level														
Certificates of Deposit	\$1,299,642	\$1,299,642	\$	-	\$	-								
U.S. Agency	251,269	251,269		-		-								
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	1,550,911	\$1,550,911	\$	-	\$	-								
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost														
External Investment Pool	45,618													
Money Market Funds	1,041,434													
Total Investments	\$ 2,637,963													

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Trust Fund (4M) is an external investment pool (Pool) which is regulated by Minnesota Statues and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities. The 4M Fund is an unrated pool and reported at amortized cost. The 4M Fund does not restrict or limit withdrawals made by the City.

2. Non-Marketable Investments/Investment in Joint Venture

The City's telephone company has entered into an agreement with Rothsay Telephone, Park Region Mutual Telephone, Red River Rural Telephone, Loretel Systems and East Ottertail Telephone to operate a fiber optic video transmission network to serve 17 area school districts. Each telephone company contributed capital and shares in the operating decisions. Barnesville's share is approximately 18.1%. All profits and losses are shared proportionately to each member's ownership. The City uses the equity method to account for its investments. Joint venture activity for 2017 is as follows:

Balance, January 1, 2017	\$ 2,603,686
Cash Distributions	(141,531)
Net Income	325,635
Balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 2,787,790

Audited financial statements for Val-Ed Joint Venture, LLP, can be obtained through its main office at 702 Main Avenue, Moorhead, Minnesota, 56560 or by calling (218) 236-3297.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2017, is as follows:

	Beginnin Balance				Disposals			Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	Φ.	500 740	Φ.		Φ		Φ	500 740
Land Construction in Progress	\$	563,716 1,838,030	\$	- 151,619	\$	- (1,453,451)	\$	563,716 536,198
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		2,401,746		151,619		(1,453,451)	_	1,099,914
Capital Assets Being Depreciated		_, ,		,		(1,100,101)		.,,
Buildings		1,616,409		5,585		_		1,621,994
Infrastructure		4,849,251		847,635		_		5,696,886
Improvements		1,104,759		39,784		_		1,144,543
Machinery and Equipment		820,736		67,962		(54,620)		834,078
Vehicles		444,789		26,370		(71,915)		399,244
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		8,835,944		987,336		(126,535)		9,696,745
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for								
Buildings		828,575		28,700		-		857,275
Infrastructure		2,858,639		140,326		-		2,998,965
Improvements		178,284		47,635		-		225,919
Machinery and Equipment		520,029		49,165		(54,023)		515,171
Vehicles		372,707		38,974		(71,915)		339,766
Total Accumulated Depreciation		4,758,234		304,800		(125,938)		4,937,096
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		4,077,710		682,536		(597)		4,759,649
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	6,479,456	\$	834,155	\$	(1,454,048)	\$	5,859,563

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

The following is a summary of the business-type activities capital assets at December 31, 2017:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Disposals		Ending Balance	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated						-,		
Land	\$	113,908	\$	-	\$	-	\$	113,908
Construction in Progress		<u> </u>		17,432				17,432
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		113,908		17,432		-		131,340
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings		1,330,997		26,864		-		1,357,861
Infrastructure		11,816,883		753,046		-		12,569,929
Improvements		5,088,890		-		-		5,088,890
Machinery and Equipment		2,428,903		134,565		-		2,563,468
Vehicles		466,942		48,860				515,802
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		21,132,615		963,335		-		22,095,950
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for								
Buildings		695,844		22,285		-		718,129
Infrastructure		4,367,255		228,030		-		4,595,285
Improvements		824,936		184,299		-		1,009,235
Machinery and Equipment		1,526,623		148,682		-		1,675,305
Vehicles		262,630		42,837				305,467
Total Accumulated Depreciation		7,677,288		626,133		-		8,303,421
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		13,455,327		337,202				13,792,529
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	13,569,235	\$	354,634	\$		\$	13,923,869

Beginning balances have been reclassified to present \$4,109,720 (cost) and \$164,388 (accumulated depreciation) as improvements instead of machinery and equipment as reported in previously issued financial statements.

The following is a summary of the component unit capital assets at December 31, 2017:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Disposals		Ending Balance	
COMPONENT UNIT Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings	\$	9,989	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,989
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings		250		1,082				1,332
Component Unit Capital Assets, Net	\$	9,739	\$	(1,082)	\$	_	\$	8,657

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 29,877
Public Safety	14,279
Public Works	181,370
Culture and Recreation	79,274
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 304,800
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 86,545
Sewer	151,687
Electric	31,338
Telephone	263,148
Municipal Liquor	988
Cable Television	39,965
Sanitation	2,632
Storm Sewer	23,256
Ambulance	 26,574
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 626,133

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers as of December 31, 2017 is as follows:

			_						
			Capital		Telephone		_		
	General		Projects		Enterprise				
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total	
Transfer Out:									
Water Enterprise Fund	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,000	
Sewer Enterprise Fund		55,000		-		-		55,000	
Electric Enterprise Fund		202,449		51,400		-		253,849	
Telephone Enterprise Fund		305,950		45,000		-		350,950	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		141,123				70,097		211,220	
Total	\$	754,522	\$	96,400	\$	70,097	\$	921,019	

Transfers between funds were used to (1) provide funding for operating purposes, (2) make scheduled debt payments, and (3) reimburse governments funds for capital expenditures.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued)

The composition of interfund balances at December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 110,311
General Fund	Ambulance Fund	49,739
Total		\$ 160,050

The interfund receivables/payables between the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund, and the General Fund and Ambulance Fund are related to the elimination of negative cash balances at year-end.

Advances To/From Other Funds and Discrete Component Unit

Advance To	Advance From	/	Amount
General Fund	Component Unit - EDA	\$	4,854
Component Unit - EDA	General Fund		4,511
General Fund	Sewer Fund		140,000
Component Unit - EDA	Sewer Fund		104,625
Component Unit - EDA	Water Fund		129,320
Component Unit - EDA	Sanitation Fund		66,880
Total		\$	450,190

The advances between the General Fund and EDA were to provide for the purchase of land and land improvements on lots that are considered land held for resale in the EDA. These advances do not have set repayment schedules and repayment only occurs when lots are sold by the EDA. The advance between the General Fund and the Sewer Fund was to pay for the old city hall project. The General Fund will reimburse the Sewer Fund \$20,000 each year for the next ten years. In 2015, the council approved the advance of \$260,000 to the EDA for the purchase of the Del/Gilbertson land. The funds came from the Sewer, Water, and Sanitation Fund. The advance will be repaid as the Del Gilbertson properties are sold.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Liabilities

1. Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities including infrastructure. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. Bonds issued to provide funds for proprietary activities are reported in proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full-faith and credit of the City. Assets of the Debt Service Fund, together with scheduled future ad valorem tax levies, tax increments and special assessments, are dedicated for the retirement of these bonds.

Capital Lease Obligations

The City has used lease purchase agreements to acquire equipment and land in the governmental funds. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases, and have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments.

2. Components of Long-Term Debt

	А	uthorized				Due ir	n 201	2018	
	а	nd Issued	Oı	Outstanding		rincipal		Interest	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General Obligation Bonds, Including Refunding Bonds G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds Series	_								
2012A, 0.80% to 2.20%, Issued 04/12/12, Final Maturity 02/01/22.	\$	545,000	\$	350,000	\$	70,000	\$	5,902	
G.O. Refunding Bonds Series 2010A, 1.00% to 4.00%, Issued 01/07/10, Final Maturity 02/01/23.		1,020,000		465,000		70,000		15,625	
G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds Series 2012A, 0.55% to 3.30%, Issued 04/12/12, Final Maturity 02/01/32.		760,000		590,000		35,000		14,795	
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2013A, 1.5% to 3.75%, Issued 11/21/13, Final Maturity 02/21/29.		345,000		285,000		20,000		8,603	
G.O. Improvement Bonds Series 2016A, 1.00% to 3.00%, Issued 6/2/16, Final Maturity 2/1/37.		1,260,000		1,260,000		55,000		27,343	
Total General Obligation Bonds, Including Refunding Bonds		3,930,000		2,950,000		250,000		72,268	
Less: Unamortized Discount				(3,815)					
Total General Obligation Bonds, Including Refunding Bonds - Net		3,930,000		2,946,185		250,000		72,268	
Capital Leases		57,564		18,352		9,937		1,948	
Total Long-Term Debt - Governmental Activities		3,987,564		2,964,537		259,937		74,216	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Liabilities (Continued)

2. Components of Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	Authorized			Due in 2018				
	a	nd Issued		Outstanding	F	Principal		Interest
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Revenue Bonds								
Communication System Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A; 0.75% to 4.6%; Issued 05/13/14; Final Maturity 12/01/34.	\$	3,870,000	\$	3,405,000	\$	155,000	\$	123,450
G.O. Lease Revenue and Refunding Bonds of 2008A; 4.30% to 5.00%; Issued 07/23/08; Final Maturity 08/1/25.		790,000				<u> </u>		
Total Revenue Bonds		4,660,000		3,405,000		155,000		123,450
Less: Unamortized Discount				(22,579)		-		
Total Revenue Bonds - Net		4,660,000		3,382,421		155,000		123,450
General Obligation Bonds								
G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds Series 2012AA; 0.65% to 2.70%, Issued 04/12/12; Final Maturity 2/01/26.		740,000		525,000		55,000		10,895
G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds Series 2012A; 0.80% to 2.20%, Issued 04/12/12; Final Maturity 2/01/22.		150,000		100,000		20,000		1,680
G.O. Revenue Note of 2006; 1.56%, Issued 07/31/06; Final Maturity 08/20/25.		4,137,640		1,989,000		235,000		31,028
G.O. Revenue Bonds of 2011, 1.000% to 1.143%, Issued 2/29/12, Final Maturity 8/20/31.		1,049,285		770,000		51,000		8,263
Total General Obligation Bonds		6,076,925		3,384,000		361,000		51,866
Less: Unamortized Discount		-		(4,229)				
Total General Obligation Bonds - Net		6,076,925		3,379,771		361,000		51,866
General Obligation Equipment Certificates								
G.O. Equipment Certificates of 2017A, 2.54%, Issued 4/13/17, Final Maturity 8/01/2025.		675,000		608,000		67,000		15,443
Total Long-Term Debt - Business-Type Activities		11,411,925		7,370,192		583,000		190,759
Total Government-Wide Long-Term Liabilities		15,399,489	\$	10,334,729	\$	842,937	\$	264,975
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT Revenue Bonds								
Lease Revenue Bonds of 2009; 2.25%, Issued 09/15/09; Final Maturity 09/15/2022.	\$	31,500	\$	3,170	\$	1,914	\$	225

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Liabilities (Continued)

3. Changes in Long-Term Debt

	De	ecember 31, 2016	Δ	dditions	R	etirements	De	ecember 31, 2017	ue Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Obligation Debt, Including									
Refunding Bonds	\$	3,145,000	\$	-	\$	195,000	\$	2,950,000	\$ 250,000
Less: Unamortized Discounts		(4,239)		-		(424)		(3,815)	=
Capital Lease Obligations		26,998		-		8,646		18,352	9,937
Compensated Absences Payable		125,265		87,018		86,187		126,096	94,572
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,293,024	\$	87,018	\$	289,409	\$	3,090,633	\$ 354,509
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Revenue Bonds	\$	4,050,000	\$	-	\$	645,000	\$	3,405,000	\$ 155,000
Revenue Notes		2,221,000		=		232,000		1,989,000	235,000
Equipment Certificates		-		675,000		67,000		608,000	67,000
General Obligation Bonds		1,516,000		-		121,000		1,395,000	126,000
Less: Unamortized Discounts		(34,282)		-		(7,474)		(26,808)	-
Compensated Absences Payable		38,838		40,863		28,686		51,015	38,261
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	7,791,556	\$	715,863	\$	1,086,212	\$	7,421,207	\$ 621,261
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT									
Revenue Bonds	\$	5,042	\$	-	\$	1,872	\$	3,170	\$ 1,914
Special Assessments Payable		1,451,049		-		82,610		1,368,439	-
Compensated Absences Payable		-		21,001		8,952		12,049	9,037
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit	\$	1,456,091	\$	21,001	\$	93,434	\$	1,383,658	\$ 10,951

4. Minimum Debt Payments

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation debt outstanding are as follows:

	Gov	Governmental Activities					Discretely Presented Component Unit						
		G.	O. Bonds			Revenue Bonds							
Year	Principal		Interest		Total	Р	rincipal	lr	nterest		Total		
2018	\$ 250,000	\$	72,268	\$	322,268	\$	1,914	\$	225	\$	2,139		
2019	250,000		67,533		317,533		1,256		182		1,438		
2020	255,000		62,144		317,144		-		-		-		
2021	265,000		55,995		320,995		-		-		-		
2022	265,000		49,309		314,309		-		-		-		
2023 - 2027	695,000		179,982		874,982		-		-		-		
2028 - 2032	600,000		95,393		695,393		-		-		-		
2033 - 2037	 370,000		28,150		398,150		-		-		-		
Total	\$ 2,950,000	\$	610,774	\$:	3,560,774	\$	3,170	\$	407	\$	3,577		

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Liabilities (Continued)

4. Minimum Debt Payments (Continued)

		Business-Type Activities										
			Reve	enue Bonds				(G.O.	Revenue N	ote	
Year	F	Principal		Interest		Total	F	Principal		nterest		Total
2018	\$	155,000	\$	123,450	\$	278,450	\$	235,000	\$	31,028	\$	266,028
2019		160,000		120,738		280,738		239,000		27,362		266,362
2020		165,000		117,538		282,538		243,000		23,634		266,634
2021		165,000		113,825		278,825		247,000		19,843		266,843
2022		170,000		109,700		279,700		251,000		15,990		266,990
2023 - 2027		935,000		470,275		1,405,275		774,000		24,274		798,274
2028 - 2032		1,130,000		274,790		1,404,790		-		-		-
2033 - 2037		525,000		36,570		561,570		-				-
Total	\$	3,405,000	\$	1,366,886	\$	4,771,886	\$	1,989,000	\$	142,131	\$	2,131,131

			G.O. Bonds				G.O. Equipment Certificates					
Year	F	Principal		Interest		Total	F	Principal		nterest		Total
2018	\$	126,000	\$	20,838	\$	146,838	\$	67,000	\$	15,443	\$	82,443
2019		126,000		19,166		145,166		67,000		13,741		80,741
2020		128,000		17,325		145,325		72,000		11,913		83,913
2021		128,000		15,294		143,294		72,000		10,084		82,084
2022		133,000		13,077		146,077		76,000		8,153		84,153
2023 - 2027		522,000		34,381		556,381		254,000		12,523		266,523
2028 - 2032		232,000		6,258		238,258						
Total	\$	1,395,000	\$	126,339	\$	1,521,339	\$	608,000	\$	71,857	\$	679,857

		Total Business-Type Activities							
Year	F	Principal		Interest	Total				
2018	\$	583,000	\$	190,759	\$	773,759			
2019		592,000		181,007		773,007			
2020		608,000		170,410		778,410			
2021		612,000		159,046		771,046			
2022		630,000		146,920		776,920			
2023 - 2027		2,485,000		541,453		3,026,453			
2028 - 2032		1,362,000		281,048		1,643,048			
2033 - 2037		525,000		36,570		561,570			
Total	\$	7,397,000	\$	1,707,213	\$	9,104,213			

5. Bonds Issued

During 2017, the City issued General Obligation Equipment Certificates, Series 2017A in the amount of \$675,000 with interest rate of 2.54%. The certificates were issued to finance improvements to the City's telecom system and to redeem the 2017 through 2025 maturities of the Series 2008A bonds. The redemption of these bonds created a cash savings of \$40,755 or a net present value benefit of approximately \$37,000.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Capital Leases

During 2014, the City entered into a 60-month lease with Konica Minolta for the purchase of a copier. Monthly installments including interest are \$990. At December 31, 2017, the City has assets under this capital lease of \$42,564 with related accumulated depreciation of \$28,376.

The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Capital Leases		
	M	linimum
Year	Pa	ayments
2018	\$	11,885
2019		8,913
Total Minimum Lease Payments		20,798
Less: Amounts Representing Interest		(2,446)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	18,352

7. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to: torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The City (Primary Government) has entered into a joint powers agreement with the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT). The LMCIT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as common risk management and insurance program for Minnesota cities. The City also carries commercial insurance for certain other risks of loss, including employee health insurance. The agreement for formation of the LMCIT provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member assessments and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of reserved amounts for each insured event. The pool can make additional assessments to make the pool self-sustaining.

The City has determined that it is not possible to estimate the amount of such additional assessments; however, they are not expected to be material to the financial statements. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

The City's workers' compensation insurance policy is retrospectively rated. With this type of policy, final premiums are determined after loss experience is known. The amount of premium adjustment is estimated to be immaterial based on worker's compensation rates and salaries for the year ended December 31, 2017.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. Plan members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

2. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90% funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5% increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90% funded, or have fallen below 80%, are given 1% increases.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employee Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7% for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7% for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7% of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7% for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

2. Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for the Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after five years up to 100% after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50% after ten years up to 100% after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3% of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

1. General Employees Fund Contributions

Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1% and 6.50%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2017. The City was required to contribute 11.78% of pay for Basic Plan members and 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members in calendar year 2017. The City contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$70,677. The City contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

C. Contributions (Continued)

2. Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.8% of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2017. The City was required to contribute 16.20% of pay for Police and Fire Fund members in calendar year 2017. The City contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$54,145. The City contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$970,358 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the fund in 2017. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$12,170. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was .0152%, which was a decrease of .0001% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$116,746 for its proportionate share of the General Employee Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$2,432 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the General Employees Fund.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

The proportionate share of the General Employee Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows o Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Economic Experience	\$	31,980	\$	62,426	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		161,100		97,278	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		6,268		-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City Contributions and					
Proportionate Share of Contributions		-		42,967	
City Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		35,611		-	
Total	\$	234,959	\$	202,671	

\$35,611 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	on Expenses Amount
2018	\$ 13,987
2019	43,667
2020	(19,788)
2021	(41,189)

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$445,539 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the City proportion was .033%, which was no change from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$106,545 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

At December 31, 2017, the City's proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources is as follows:

Description	 ed Outflows of esources	Deferred Inflows Resources			
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Economic Experience	\$ 10,255	\$	119,110		
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	583,077		632,555		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	6,119		-		
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	-		14,966		
City Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date	27,973				
Total	\$ 627,424	\$	766,631		

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

\$27,973 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	on Expenses
Year Ending December 31,	A	Amount
2018	\$	4,015
2019		4,015
2020		(12,318)
2021		(38,433)
2022		(124,459)

E. Total Pension Expense

Governmental activities recognized pension expense of \$223,291 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per Year
Salary Increases	3.25% per Year
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP 2014 tables for all plans for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1% per year for the General Employees Plan through 2044 and Police and Fire Plan through 2064 and then 2.5% thereafter for both plans.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2015. The most recent five-year experience study for Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2016.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

F. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2017:

General Employees Fund:

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability and 3.0% for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

Police and Fire Fund:

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34% lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33% for vested members and 2% for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0% for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65% to 60%
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing Joint and Survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% for all years to 1.00% per year through 2064 and 2.50% thereafter.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

F. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	39 %	5.1 %
International Stocks	19	5.3
Bonds	20	0.8
Alternative Assets	20	5.9
Cash	2	-
Totals	100 %	

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2017 was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Description	1% Decrease in Discount Rate		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase in Discount Rate	
·		6.50%	7.50%		8.50%	
City's Proportionate Share of the General Employee Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	1,505,097	\$	970,358	\$	532,577
Description	1% Decrease in Discount Rate		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase in Discount Rate	
	6.50%			7.50%		8.50%
City's Proportionate Share of the Police and Fire Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	839,080	\$	445,539	\$	120,649

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

NOTE 5 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN – FIRE RELIEF ASSOCIATION

A. Plan Description

Effective January 1, 2015, all members of the Barnesville Fire Department are covered by a defined contribution plan administered by the Barnesville Firemen's District (District). The plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69.

The District provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established in accordance with state statute, and vest after ten years of credited service. Retirement benefits are based on a member's years of service. Benefit provisions can be amended by the District within the parameters provided by state statutes.

The Barnesville Area Joint Fire Department did not issue separate audited financial statements. Copies of the Barnesville Area Joint Fire Department financial information may be obtained from the City's general accounting office at Barnesville City Hall.

B. Funding Policy

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 69.77 sets the minimum contribution requirement for the City of Barnesville and State Aid on an annual basis. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. The Association is comprised of volunteers; therefore, members have no contribution requirements. The City's 2017 contribution to the plan was as follows:

State Aid flowed through City to District	\$ 32,039
Voluntary (Non-Required) Contribution from City	8,000
Total Contribution	\$ 40,039

NOTE 6 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

The City provides health insurance benefits for certain retired employees under a single-employer fully-insured plan with age based premiums. The City provides benefits for retirees as required by Minnesota Statutes §471.61 subdivision 2b. Active employees who retire from the City when eligible to receive a retirement benefit from the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of Minnesota (or similar plan) and do not participate in any other health benefits program providing coverage similar to that herein described, will be eligible to continue coverage with respect to both themselves and their spouse/partner under the City's health benefits program. Pursuant to the provisions of the plan, the premiums paid are age based and the retirees are required to pay the full amount of the total premium cost and therefore the City has no liability reflected in the City's financial statements.

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Purchased Power

The City is obligated to purchase all of its wholesale power requirements from Missouri River Energy Services and Western Area Power Association through January 1, 2057.

Software License Agreement

During 2017, the City entered into a ten year agreement with their software provider requiring monthly software service payments of \$6,500 and a down payment of \$100,000. The down payment has been recognized as a prepaid service arrangement and will be amortized over the ten year agreement.

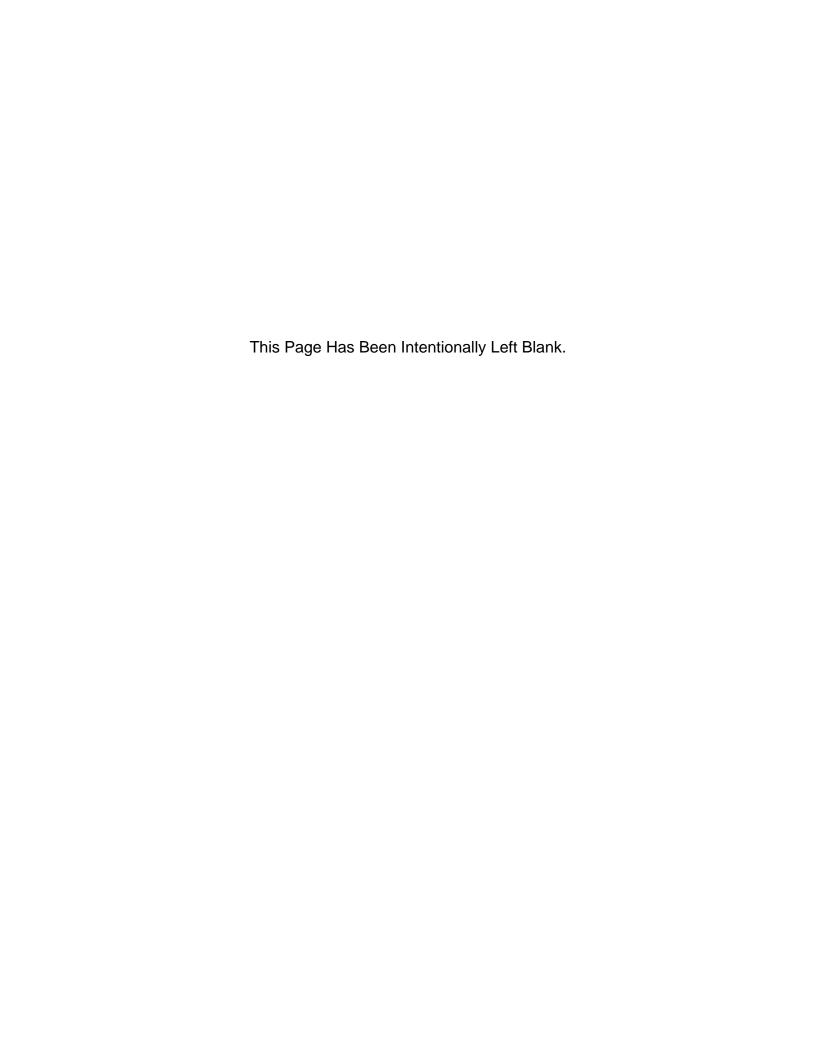
NOTE 8 TAX ABATEMENTS

The City has five pay-as-you-go tax increment financing districts with local businesses to promote economic development, redevelopment, and housing within the City as authorized under Minnesota Statutes §469.174. The City is currently collecting tax increments that are paid through the property tax collection process. Two of the districts will stop collections as of December 31, 2022 another district will stop collections as of December 31, 2024, while the last two districts will stop collections as of December 31, 2029 and 2039, respectively. The requirement for businesses to receive the excess tax increments from the City is to perform improvements on the owned property. The increment taxes are based on the increase of the property value after the improvements are made. The agreements call for 90% of the property tax increments collected to be returned to the developers less administrative fees. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City paid excess tax increment in the amount of \$139,845. No other commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements.

NOTE 9 RESTATEMENT

The City restated beginning net position in the following funds to correct an error in the unbilled utility receivable reported as of December 31, 2016.

			F	Restatement: To			
	Ne	et Position as		Correct Utility	Net Position As		
	Pre	viously Stated		Receivable		Restated	
Business-Type Activities	\$	13,573,540	\$	\$ (230,360)		13,343,180	
Major Enterprise Funds:							
Water Fund		2,273,871		(23,062)		2,250,809	
Sewer Fund		3,640,386		(35,385)		3,605,001	
Electric Fund		1,502,274		(113,879)		1,388,395	
Telephone Fund		4,395,605		(32,263)		4,363,342	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:							
Sanitation Fund		278,067		(11,009)		267,058	
Broadband Internet Fund		404,043		(14,762)		389,281	



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER TO	HAN MD&A

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Meas	surement Date	Mea	surement Date	Meas	surement Date	
PERA - General Employees Plan		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.0152%		0.0153%		0.0162%	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	970,358	\$	1,242,284	\$	839,568	
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the City	\$	12,170	\$	16,225	\$	-	
City's Covered Payroll	\$	976,694	\$	951,245	\$	950,430	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its							
Covered Payroll		99.35%		130.60%		88.34%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.90%		68.91%		78.20%	
PERA - Police and Fire Plan							
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.0330%		0.0330%		0.0350%	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	445,539	\$	1,324,347	\$	397,682	
City's Covered Payroll	\$	338,298	\$	322,142	\$	320,101	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its							
Covered Payroll		131.70%		411.11%		124.24%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		85.43%		63.88%		82.30%	

Note: Information is required to be presented for ten years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

	2017	2016	2015	2014
PERA - General Employees Plan Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required	\$ 70,677	\$ 72,123	\$ 73,020	\$ 68,395
Contribution	(70,677)	(72,123)	(73,020)	(68,395)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 942,360	\$ 961,636	\$ 973,605	\$ 943,183
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.25%
PERA - Police and Fire Plan				
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required	\$ 54,145	\$ 52,873	\$ 54,333	\$ 47,791
Contribution	(54,145)	(52,873)	(54,333)	(47,791)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 334,231	\$ 326,375	\$ 335,388	\$ 301,363
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	16.20%	16.20%	16.20%	15.86%

Note: Information is required to be presented for ten years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for only those years for which information is available.

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Taxes Special Assessments Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Forfeits Interest Income Miscellaneous	\$ 261,750 5,000 21,350 823,401 1,518 6,625 12,000 40,251	\$ 269,109 1,898 20,880 887,794 27,900 9,115 15,560 54,042	\$ 7,359 (3,102) (470) 64,393 26,382 2,490 3,560 13,791
Total Revenues	1,171,895	1,286,298	114,403
EXPENDITURES Current General Government Public Safety Public Works Economic Development	725,561 608,595 310,098 150,541	690,136 647,636 277,298 150,541	(35,425) 39,041 (32,800)
Capital Outlay General Government Public Safety Public Works	- 42,000 145,000	5,585 67,123 116,668	5,585 25,123 (28,332)
Debt service Principal Interest and Other Charges	<u>-</u>	8,646 3,239	8,646 3,239
Total Expenditures	1,981,795	1,966,872	(14,923)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(809,900)	(680,574)	129,326
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Proceeds From Sale of Capital Assets	754,522 (20,000) 4,000	754,522 - -	20,000 (4,000)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	738,522	754,522	16,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (71,378)	73,948	\$ 145,326
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,575,200	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR		\$ 1,649,148	

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARKS AND RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

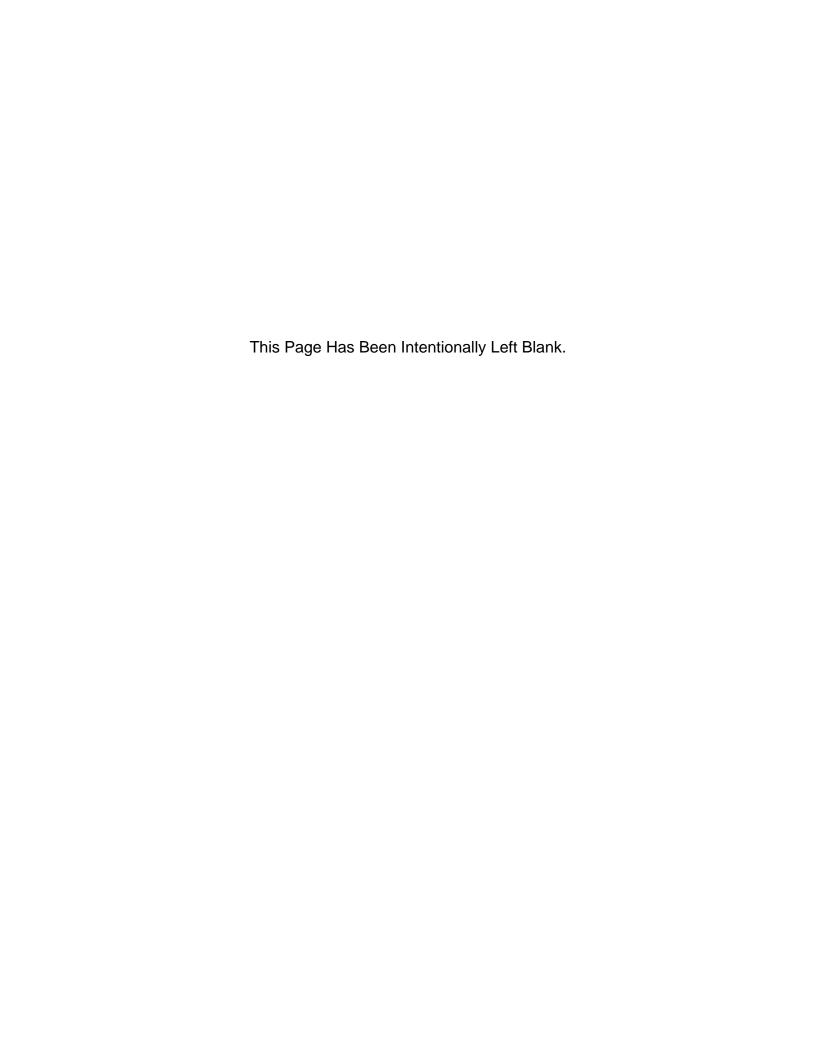
	a	Original nd Final Budget	 Actual Amounts	ance with al Budget
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and Permits Charges for Services Gifts and Contributions Interest on Investments Miscellaneous	\$	357,168 500 179,500 - - 400	\$ 357,168 965 195,666 14,367 952 28,895	\$ 465 16,166 14,367 952 28,495
Total Revenues		537,568	598,013	60,445
EXPENDITURES Current Parks and Recreation		424,568	405,767	(18,801)
Capital Outlay Parks and Recreation Total Expenditures		113,000 537,568	141,729 547,496	28,729 9,928
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		50,517	\$ 50,517
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			 430,557	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 481,074	

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A DECEMBER 31, 2017

I. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to September 1, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The City Council adopts the proposed budget as amended and adjusted by the Council and certifies the proposed property tax levy to the County Auditor according to Minnesota Statutes.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the Council's chambers in the Municipal Building.
- c. On or before December 28, the final budget is legally enacted by Council resolution and the final property tax levy certified to the County Auditor.
- d. Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the City Council.
- e. The City has legally adopted budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the total fund level. Monitoring of budgets is maintained at the expenditure category level (i.e., personal services, supplies, charges for services, and capital outlay) within each program. All amounts over budget have been approved by the City Council through the disbursement process. Annual appropriated budgets are not adopted for Debt Service Funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through bond indenture provisions. The City is not legally required to adopt an annual budget for the capital projects. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds.
- f. Budgets for the General and certain Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

ASSETS	DARE		Small Cities	TI	F Districts	Total Nonmajor Funds	
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Taxes Receivable	\$	3,363 - -	\$ 53,979 2,577 -	\$	46,735 - 27	\$	104,077 2,577 27
Notes Receivable Total Assets	\$	3,363	\$ 25,601 82,157	\$	46,762	\$	25,601 132,282
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	355	\$ -	\$	-	\$	355
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Loans Receivable		-	25,601		-		25,601
Fund Balances Restricted for Dare Program Restricted for Economic Development Restricted for Small Cities Grant Total Fund Balances		3,008	- - 56,556 56,556		46,762 - 46,762		3,008 46,762 56,556 106,326
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	3,363	\$ 82,157	\$	46,762	\$	132,282

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	DARE			Small Cities	TIF	- Districts	Total Nonmajor Funds		
REVENUES	_		_						
Tax Increments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	158,002	\$	158,002	
Intergovernmental		-		396,436		-		396,436	
Gifts and Contributions		2,000		404		-		2,000	
Interest Income		10		184		-		194	
Miscellaneous				8,073				8,073	
Total Revenues		2,010		404,693		158,002		564,705	
EXPENDITURES Current									
General Government		-		401,359		-		401,359	
Public Safety		2,898		-		-		2,898	
Economic Development		-				139,845		139,845	
Total Expenditures		2,898		401,359		139,845		544,102	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(888)		3,334		18,157		20,603	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		3,896		53,222		28,605		85,723	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	3,008	\$	56,556	\$	46,762	\$	106,326	

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

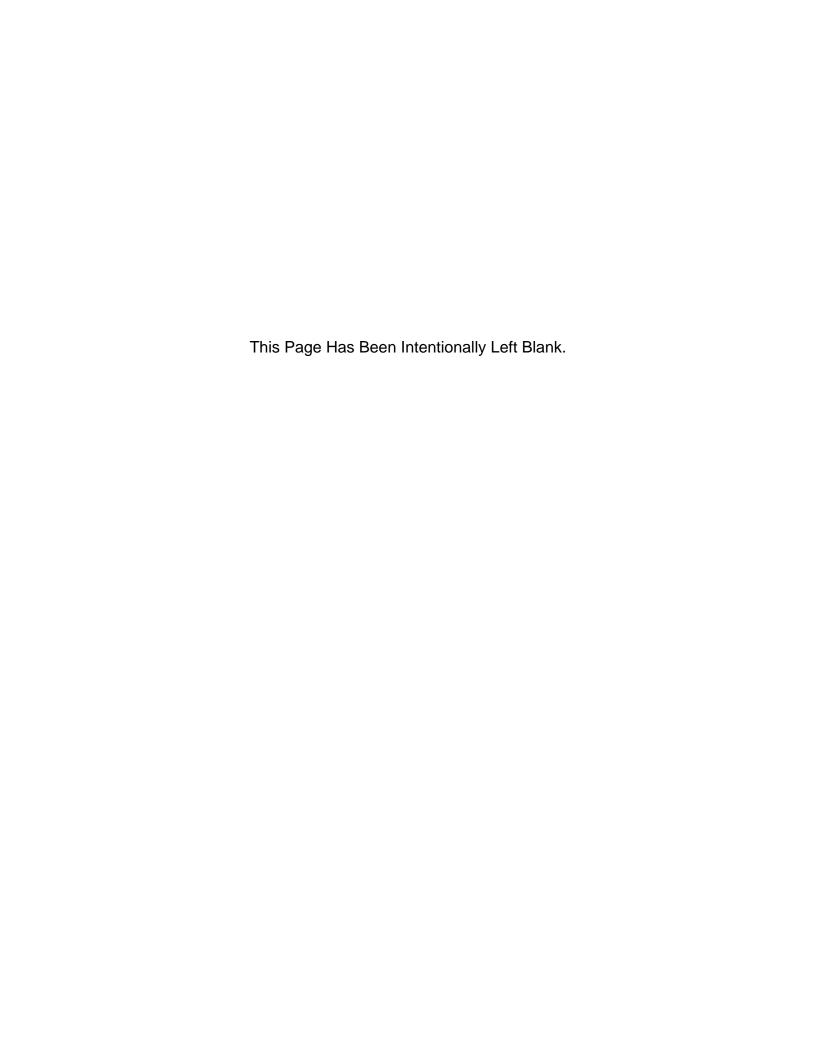
ASSETS	Sanitation		Sanitation		Sanitation		Sanitation		Sanitation		Sanitation Sewer		Broadband Internet		Total Nonmajor orietary Funds
Current Assets															
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable - Net	\$	126,149 37,660	\$	357,054 4,526	\$	348,315 34,256	\$ 831,518 76,442								
Total Current Assets		163,809		361,580		382,571	907,960								
Noncurrent Assets Restricted Cash Advance to Component Unit Capital Assets		- 66,880		- -		70,831 -	70,831 66,880								
Land		-		13,077		-	13,077								
Buildings (Net)		93,589		-		-	93,589								
Infrastructure (Net)		-		626,833		-	626,833								
Machinery and Equipment (Net) Net Capital Assets		93,589		13,317 653,227		-	 13,317 746,816								
Total Noncurrent		160,469	_	653,227		70,831	 884,527								
Total Assets		324,278		1,014,807		453,402	 1,792,487								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related		4,824		-		4,259	9,083								
LIABILITIES															
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue Compensated Absences - Due Within One Year		15,228 1,097 1,744 - 1,586		- - - -		34 168 - 15,267 1,321	15,262 1,265 1,744 15,267 2,907								
Total Current Liabilities		19,655		-		16,790	36,445								
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences - Due in More than One Year Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities		529 19,922 20,451		- - -		440 17,589 18,029	 969 37,511 38,480								
Total Liabilities		40,106		-		34,819	74,925								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related		4,161		-		3,674	7,835								
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted		93,589 - 191,246		653,227 - 361,580		70,831 348,337	 746,816 70,831 901,163								
Total Net Position	\$	284,835	\$	1,014,807	\$	419,168	\$ 1,718,810								

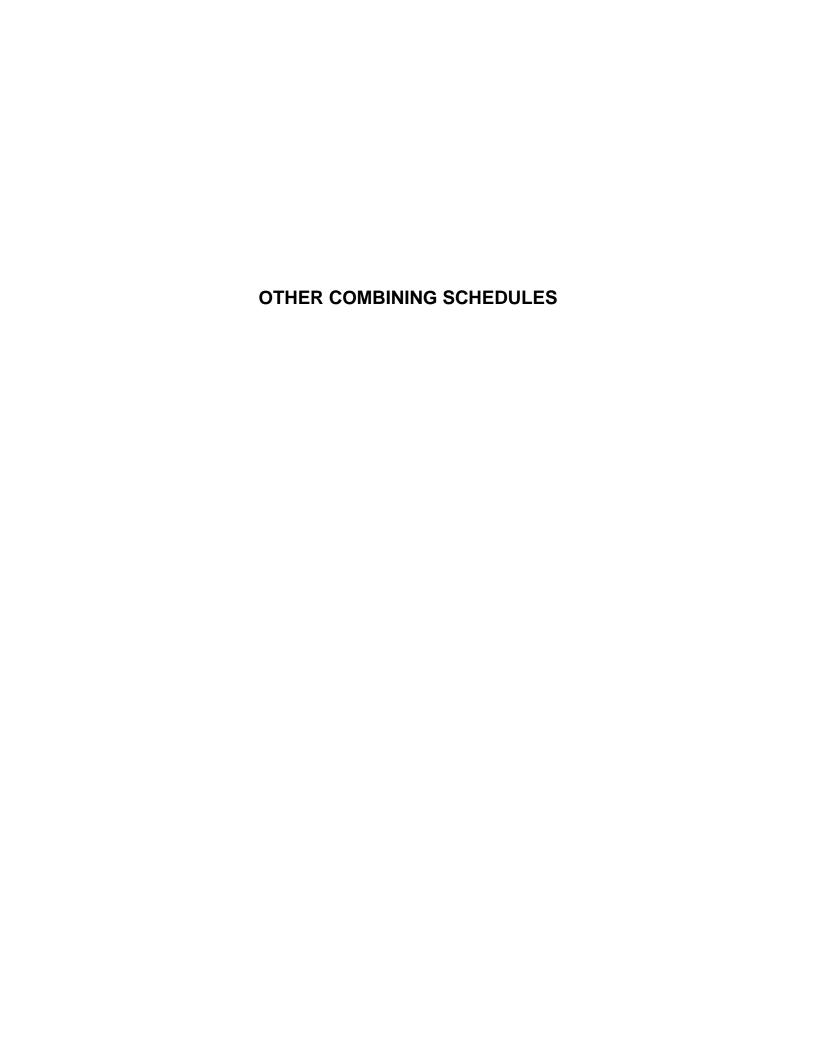
CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

					_		_	Total		
	Sanitation			Storm Sewer		Broadband Internet		lonmajor rietary Funds		
OPERATING REVENUES			20			COWO		intorriot	1100	notary r undo
Charges for Services	\$	217,687	\$	36,051	\$	270,436	\$	524,174		
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Professional Services		175,734		-		308		176,042		
Wages, Salaries, and Compensation		19,415		-		19,090		38,505		
Repairs and Maintenance		936		403		815		2,154		
Insurance		1,683		-		-		1,683		
Depreciation		2,632		23,256		-		25,888		
Materials and Supplies		823		-		- 25 005		823		
Miscellaneous Expenses		19,965				35,095		55,060		
Total Operating Expenses		221,188		23,659		55,308		300,155		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(3,501)		12,392		215,128		224,019		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Interest Income		251		745		479		1,475		
Intergovernmental Grants		39,027		-				39,027		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		39,278		745		479		40,502		
Income before Transfers and Contributions		35,777		13,137		215,607		264,521		
Capital Contributions		-		194,035		-		194,035		
Transfers Out		(18,000)		(7,500)		(185,720)		(211,220)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		17,777		199,672		29,887		247,336		
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Originally Stated		278,067		815,135		404,043		1,497,245		
Restatement		(11,009)		-		(14,762)		(25,771)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year, As Restated		267,058		815,135		389,281		1,471,474		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	284,835	\$	1,014,807	\$	419,168	\$	1,718,810		

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Sanitation		Storm Sewer		Broadband Internet		Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$	209,637 (197,887) (27,377)	\$	33,293 (403)	\$	288,786 (36,221) (25,625)	\$	531,716 (234,511) (53,002)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(15,627)		32,890		226,940		244,203	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to Other Funds Advance from Component Unit Grant Receipts Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(18,000) 4,060 39,027		(7,500)		(185,720) - -		(211,220) 4,060 39,027	
and Related Financing Activities		25,087		(7,500)		(185,720)		(168,133)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and Dividends Received		251		746		479		1,476	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		9,711		26,136		41,699		77,546	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		116,438		330,918		377,447		824,803	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	126,149	\$	357,054	\$	419,146	\$	902,349	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(3,501)	\$	12,392	\$	215,128	\$	224,019	
Depreciation Expense (Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows		2,632		23,256		-		25,888	
Accounts Receivable Deferred Outflows of Resources Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		(8,050) 10,981		(2,758) -		3,083 9,016		(7,725) 19,997	
Accounts Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Governments Compensated Absences Payable Net Pension Liability Unearned Revenue		917 (339) 337 444 (18,092)		- - - -		(3) (931) - 342 (14,338) 15,267		914 (1,270) 337 786 (32,430) 15,267	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		(956)				(624)		(1,580)	
Total Adjustments	_	(12,126)		20,498	_	11,812		20,184	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(15,627)	\$	32,890	\$	226,940	\$	244,203	
NONCASH CAPITAL ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Contributed from Governmental Activities	\$		\$	194,035	\$		\$	194,035	





CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUND – BY BOND ISSUE DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Series 2004A			G.O. Taxable		G.O. 2005 Bond		.O. 2006
ASSETS	Refur	nding Bonds		Bonds		Refinance		Bonds
AGGETO								
Cash and Investments	\$	121,178	\$	111,245	\$	175,409	\$	146,303
Taxes Receivable								0.5
Current Special Assessments Receivable		-		-		-		85
Delinquent		-		-		1,296		-
Noncurrent		67,885		5,693		77,495		662,925
Total Assets	\$	189,063	\$	116,938	\$	254,200	\$	809,313
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40-	\$	-
Unavailable Special Assessments Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		67,885 67,885		5,693 5,693		77,495 77,495		662,925 662,925
Total Defetted Itiliows of Resources		07,000		5,695		77,495		002,923
Fund Balances								
Restricted		121,178		111,245		176,705		146,388
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	189,063	\$	116,938	\$	254,200	\$	809,313

G.O. 2010A Refunding Bonds		G.O. 2011A Improvement Bonds			O. 2013A provement Bonds		.O. 2016A provement Bonds	Total Debt Service Fund		
\$	31,941	\$	104,385	\$	3,673	\$	30,757	\$	724,891	
	492		2,339	123		123			3,039	
	-		1,171	-			-		2,467	
	179,379		190,964		292,635		1,175,141		2,652,117	
\$	211,812	\$	298,859	\$ 296,431		\$	1,205,898	\$	3,382,514	
\$	-	\$	1,831	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,831	
	179,379 179,379		191,830		292,635		1,175,141 1,175,141		2,652,983 2,654,814	
	179,379		193,661		292,635		1,170,141		2,004,014	
	32,433		105,198		3,796		30,757		727,700	
\$	211,812	\$	298,859	\$	296,431	\$	1,205,898	\$	3,382,514	

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

DEBT SERVICE FUND – BY BOND ISSUE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Series 2004A Refunding Bonds	G.O. Taxable Bonds	G.O. 2005 Bond Refinance	G.O. 2006 Bonds	
REVENUES	Relationly Bolius	Dorius	Remance	Bolius	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,610	
Special Assessments	25,527	16,234	18,855	80,138	
Interest Income Miscellaneous	363	453 	433	207 	
Total Revenues	25,890	16,687	19,288	100,955	
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service				05.000	
Principal	-	-	-	65,000	
Interest and Other Charges				6,750	
Total Expenditures				71,750	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	25,890	16,687	19,288	29,205	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-	-	-	35,000	
Transfers Out	(40,000)	(20,000)	(30,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(40,000)	(20,000)	(30,000)	35,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(14,110)	(3,313)	(10,712)	64,205	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	135,288	114,558	187,417	82,183	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 121,178	\$ 111,245	\$ 176,705	\$ 146,388	

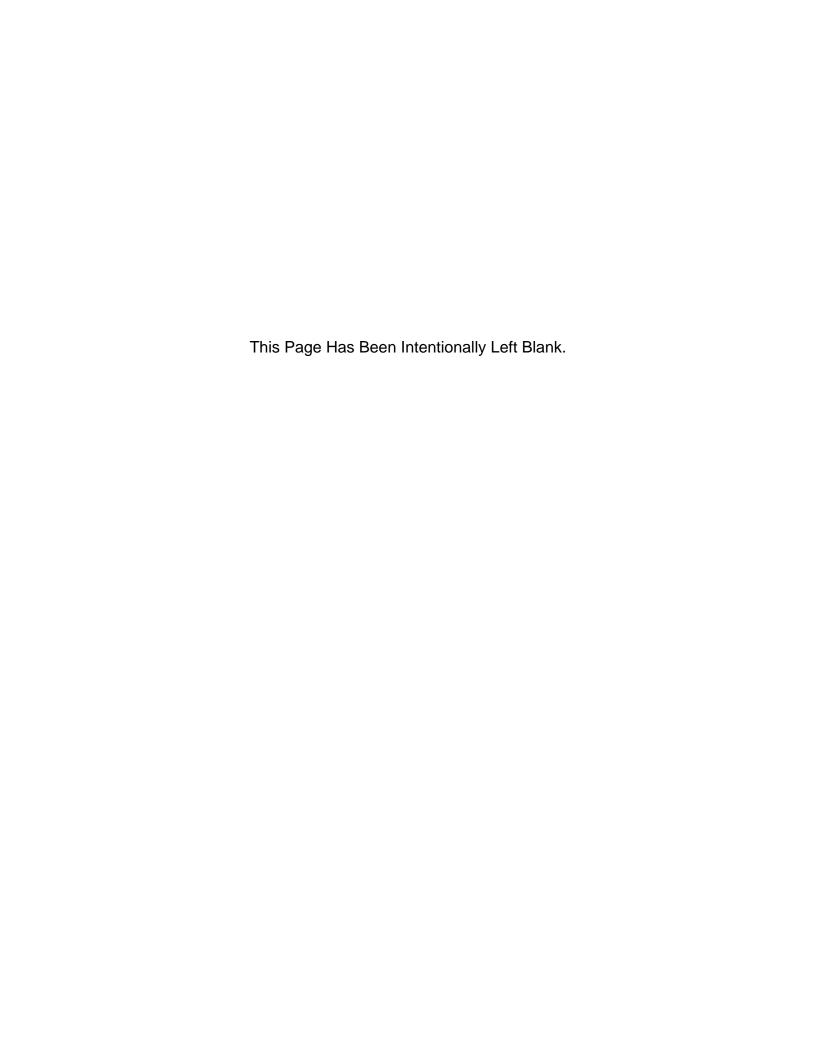
G.O. 2010A Refunding Bonds		G.O. 2011A Improvement Bonds		G.O. 2013A Improvement Bonds		G.O. 2016A Improvement Bonds		Internal Eliminations		Total Debt Service Fund	
\$	14,547 37,869 758	\$	32,125 18,437 179	\$	7,058 8,021 - -	\$	10,848 24 2,000	\$	- - -	\$	74,340 215,929 2,417 2,000
	53,174	53,174 50,741		15,079		12,872		-		294,686	
	75,000 17,798		35,000 15,233		20,000 9,453		- 32,594		-		195,000 81,828
	92,798		50,233		29,453		32,594				276,828
	(39,624)		508		(14,374)		(19,722)		-		17,858
	8,856 -		- -		14,000		32,144		(90,000) 90,000		- -
	8,856		_		14,000		32,144				-
	(30,768)		508		(374)		12,422		-		17,858
	63,201		104,690		4,170		18,335				709,842
\$	32,433	\$	105,198	\$	3,796	\$	30,757	\$		\$	727,700

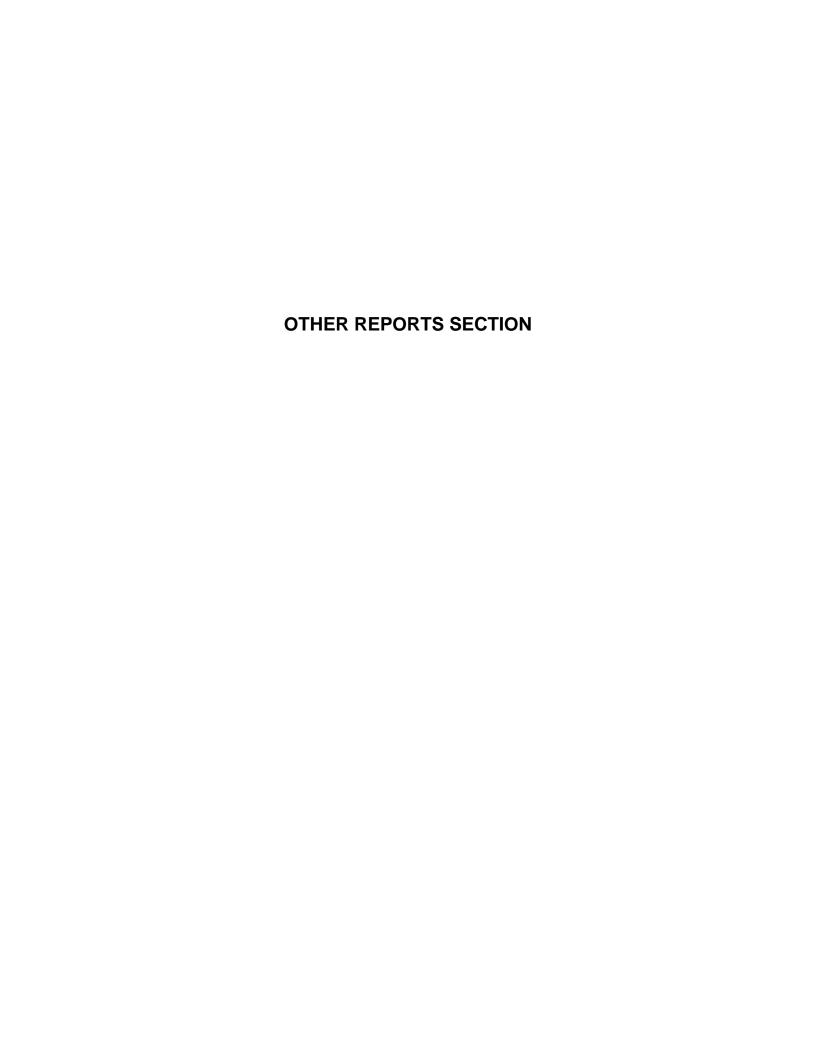
CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BY PROJECT DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Commercial Park Extension		Del Acres Gilbertson Second Addition		Total Capital Projects Fund	
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments Special Assessments - Noncurrent		- 91,747	\$	165,816 -	\$	165,816 91,747	
Total Assets	\$	91,747	\$	165,816	\$	257,563	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND DEFICITS							
Liabilities Due to Other Funds	\$	110,311	\$	_	\$	110,311	
Contracts Payable		-		158,440		158,440	
Total Liabilities		110,311		158,440		268,751	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable Special Assessments		91,747		-		91,747	
Fund Balances (Deficits)				7.070		7.070	
Restricted Unassigned		- (110,311)		7,376		7,376 (110,311)	
•							
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		(110,311)		7,376		(102,935)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	91,747	\$	165,816	\$	257,563	

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BY PROJECT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 mercial Park Extension	Del Acres Gilbertson Second Addition		Total Capital Projects Fund	
REVENUES					
Interest Income	\$ -	\$	338	\$	338
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay			407.000		407.000
Public Works	 		127,263		127,263
Total Expenditures			127,263		127,263
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-		(126,925)		(126,925)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In			96,400		96,400
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		(30,525)		(30,525)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	 (110,311)		37,901		(72,410)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ (110,311)	\$	7,376	\$	(102,935)









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Barnesville Barnesville, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Barnesville (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 7, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations as items 2017-001 through 2017-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Responses to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

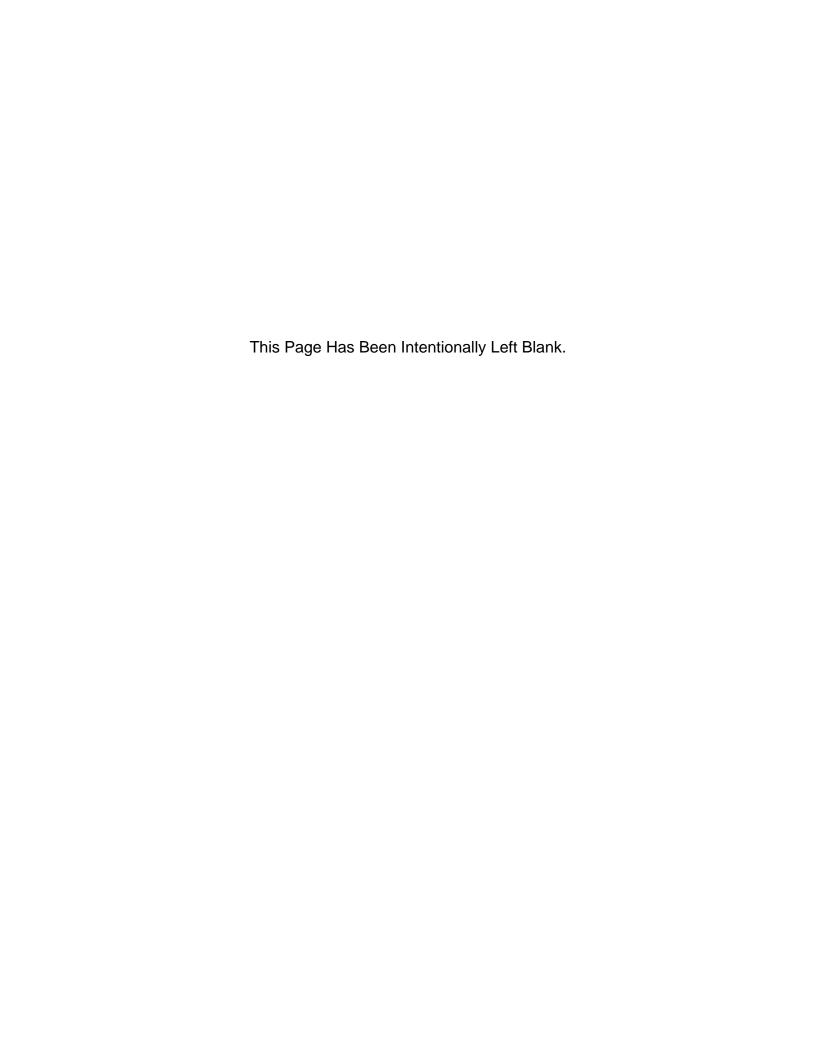
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Brainerd, Minnesota May 7, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Barnesville Barnesville, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Barnesville (City), as of December 31, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated May 7, 2018.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities* promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statutes § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City, failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, except as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations as item 2017-004. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above-referenced provisions.

The City's written response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and recommendations. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

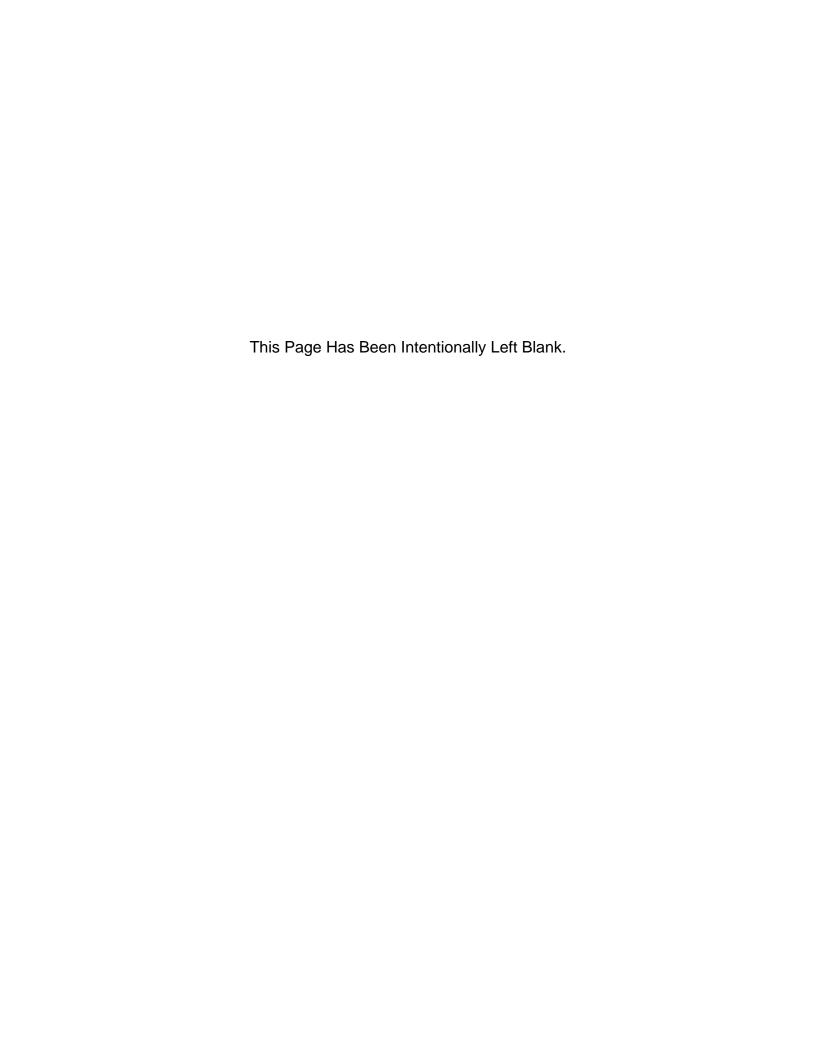
The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

lifton Larson Allen LLP

Brainerd, Minnesota May 7, 2018





CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING:

2017-001 LACK OF SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Criteria: Generally, a system of internal control contemplates separation of duties such that no individual has responsibility to execute a transaction, have physical access to the related assets, and have responsibility or authority to record the transaction.

Condition: There is some lack of sufficient segregation of duties within the city as the Finance Director has access to the general ledger, access to physical assets, signature authority on bank accounts, utility billing adjustments, and authority to record transactions.

Cause: Size and budget constraints limiting the number of personnel within the accounting department.

Effect: The design of the internal control over financial reporting that could adversely affect the ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertion of management in the financial statements. This could include the lack of the ability to prevent or detect fraud or misappropriation of assets in a timely manner.

Recommendation: The areas should be reviewed periodically and consideration given to improving the segregation of duties.

Management Response: The City will continue to explore further segregation of duties within the City office while weighing the related costs against the benefits of improved controls.

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING:

2017-002 MATERIAL AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS/RESTATEMENT

Criteria: The City of Barnesville's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for the proper recording of all the City's accounting transactions, including account coding, reporting of accruals and net position, and cash flow reporting.

Condition: As part of the audit, we proposed material adjustments for closing the City's books at year-end, recording of accruals, reclassifications to the proper accounts, and note disclosure preparation. In addition, beginning net position in the enterprise funds and business-type activities was restated to correct an overstated unbilled utility receivable in the previously issued financial statements.

Cause: The City has a limited number of personnel with limited financial reporting experience.

Effect: The design of the internal controls over recording transactions and year-end accruals limits the ability of the City to provide accurate accrual basis financial information.

Recommendation: We recommend City management be consistently aware of all procedures and processes involved in recording transactions, accruals, and reclassifications and develop internal control policies to ensure proper recording of these items.

Management Response: The City will continue to pursue additional training and knowledge with a long-term goal of recording all adjusting and closing entries prior to the audit.

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING:

2017-003 FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls and for the fair presentation of the financial statements including the related disclosures, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Condition: The City does not have an internal control policy in place over annual financial reporting that would enable management to prepare its annual financial statements and related footnote disclosures, are complete, and presented in accordance with GAAP.

Cause: Management has informed us that they do not have an internal control policy in place over the annual financial reporting and that they do not have the necessary staff capacity to prepare the annual financial statements including footnote disclosures.

Effect: The potential exists that a material misstatement of the annual financial statements could occur and not be prevented or detected by the City's internal controls.

Recommendation: Management should continue to evaluate their internal staff capacity to determine if an internal control policy over the annual financial reporting is beneficial.

Management Response: The City will continue to evaluate whether an internal control policy over financial reporting would be beneficial.

CITY OF BARNESVILLE, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE:

2017-004 ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER

Criteria: Minnesota Statutes §471.38 requires annual delegation of authority to make electronic fund transfers to a chief financial officer or the officer's designee and the disbursing bank to keep a certified copy of the delegation of authority.

Condition/Context: The City has not enacted a plan for electronic fund transfers that contains policy controls regarding annual delegation of authority to make transfers. The disbursing bank was not provided with a certified copy of the delegation of authority.

Cause: The City was unaware of the new legislation.

Effect: The City is not in compliance with Minnesota Statutes.

Recommendation: We recommend City establish internal controls to ensure compliance with Minnesota Statutes regarding electronic fund transfers. To comply with the Statute, the following controls should be in place:

- (a) the governing body shall annually delegate the authority to make electronic funds transfers to a designated business administrator or chief financial officer or the officer's designee;
- (b) the disbursing bank shall keep on file a certified copy of the delegation of authority;
- (c) the initiator of the electronic transfer shall be identified;
- (d) the initiator shall document the request and obtain an approval from the designated business administrator, or chief financial officer or the officer's designee, before initiating the transfer as required by internal control policies;
- (e) a written confirmation of the transaction shall be made no later than one business day after the transaction and shall be used in lieu of a check, order check or warrant required to support the transaction:
- (f) a list of all transactions made by electronic funds transfer shall be submitted to the governing body at its next regular meeting after the transaction.

Management Response: Management agrees and will establish a policy of annual delegation. The Council's resolution approving the annual delegation of authority will be provided to the disbursing bank.